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NUMBER 36

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the latter a mixed train.

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1, 439 and 7 p.m. On Sumdays and holidays, the
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3:30, 5:35 and 8 p.m.; descending, 6:35, 8:025, 11:35 a.m.,
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WEST COAST TIEMS.

— A Sautlago telegram of the 30th ult. says that the Transaudine railway will be sold on 14th September.

— A Santlago telegram of the 30th ult. says that a dynamite homb had been found under the desk in the private office of President Erranuiz. Fortunstelly it was removed in time to brevent a disaster.

time oprevent a disaster.

According to a Linus telegram of the 29th ult., 200 men under Dr. Duram (Col. Durand?) had captured the town Hunnuco, after a four hours fight. Twelve men were killed, 13 wounded, and the prefect with 60 men were captured. Durand has proclaimed himself epresident of an executive junta for re-establishing in the republic the empire of the constitution, violated by Pierola and an apopted and corruptal, abject and corrupted congress. And what better can we expect from Durand, may we ask?

RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

—It is stated that the Argentine executive proposes to fix the price of gold by decree.
The first rate is to be 220.

—A Montevideo telegram of the 30th alt.
says that Councillor Silveira Martins is gravely
ill at the Rincon Pereira estaucia.

—A Buenos Aires telegram of the 29th ult.
says that it appears decided that President
Roca will visit the Buffalo and Paris expositions, returning in February.

—Recent telegrams state that the financial proposals of the Argentine government are meeting with great opposition. The minister of agriculture has retired from the cabinet on this account.

A Buenos Aires telegram of the 30th ult. announces the death of D. Thomaz Auchorena the richest of Argentine land-owners and capitalists. His fortune is said to amount to forty willions of dollars.

—Those who heliqued that the return of General Roca to power would solve many of the difficulties in Argentina and guarantee a return of prosperous times, are now finding reasons at every turn for a change of opiniou. Roca's second term promises to he a disastrous one.

--It now appears that there was no truth in the statement that the Rev. Pelnam Ogle of Buenos Aires had "gone over to Romes. He has been appointed to another charge in the church of Eugland. As we gave currency to the first report, we as readily publish the disclaimer.

disciaimer.

— According to the new Argentine conversion project, the rate of conversion will be 44 centavos gold per peso currency. This is called gradual conversion. To assist the government in carrying out the project it is proposed to create an additional impost of 10 per cent, a duty of 5 per cent on imports, and to reduce all official salaries over \$ 100 by 10 per cent. per cent.

per cent.

—Some concern has been expressed at the disappearance of a young man from this city. He was engaged to a charming young lady who has left for England. A couple of days before the departure, the lovers had a tip breaking off the engagement in a few moments, although the wedding was fixed for a few days later. The lady went home and two days later the young gentlemen went on a trip to Montevideo from whence he has disappeared much to the concern of various of his friends here. It is believed that he has gone to Brazil but all trace of him for the moment has been lost.—Times, Bienos Aires.

—It seems a pity that more system is not

here. It is believed that he has gone to Brazil but all trace of him for the inoment has been lost. —Times, Bitenos Aires.

—It seems a pity that more system is not introduced into the cultivation of cereals in Argentina. The sugar industry has been hope lessly overslone, and with the opening of Cuba to the United States and the latter's tariff regulations with regard to bounty-fed sugar, the only country now open to receive Argentine sugar is Great Britain, although there is mention of some favorable treatment of it by the United States. With Germany and the other bounty giving European nations all competing for our market, there will not be much room for Argentine sugar, and it would be well if the Argentine government were to cease its protective policy, which alone keeps the Tucuman sugar-growers alive, and compel many of them to turn to some other form of industry. Wine-growing seems fairly profitable in the Argentine; but at present the country's future appears to lie more in regular agriculture. Hence it is strange that the eultivation of cereals is not undertaken in a less happy-go-lucky manner. The farmer rally owns the land he farms. He pays the owner a percentage of the crop raised as rent, and his one idea is naturally to get as much ont of the soil as possible, and move on to a fresh locality where he can find new land. Under these circumstances, he spends nothing on improvements and wastes no money on putting anything back into the soil, which he simply quits as soon as it is exhausted. Strange to sa we are told that the owner of the land makes no objection, and is rather glad to take the farm back and use it for grazing purposes, laving first sown lucerne over the ploughed area. In this way, however, the production of wheat does not increase to saything like the extent it might under different conditions, and at the same time the absence of proper festilities for handling and classifying the croys prevents the best prices being obtained for hem.—Financial News.

11 1

The agination for a considerable reduction of taxation in Argentina is being continued. It will be recollected, perhaps, that heavy war taxes were imposed while the dispute with Chill lasted, and that taxation has not been repealed. And it is to get rid of it that the agitation has been sarted. It is not merely that the taxation taxed in has not been repealed. And it is to get rid of it that the agitation has been sarted. It is not merely that the revenue is larger than the country requires—it is also that the very large revenue allows the old system of corruption and lavish outlay to continue. There appears to be no reasonable doubt that President Roca honestly desires to reform the government, by cut down expenditure, to give relief to trade, and generally to establish a better system of government. But he has a difficult task before him. For the professional politicians, who who are exceedingly active as well as unduly numerous, are eager for a lavish outlay. The professional politician is an element of mischief even in the United States. But there the political antitude of the people keep him from doing much serious damage. The Spanish-Americans lave not the same inherited aptitudes. They are not, therefore, skilled in working the parliamentary system. And consequently corruption is a fair, and the professional politician pays a fundily important part. If President Roca can introduce better methods he will do his country a very important service.—Statist, July 22.

—On Tuesday of this week it was stated in a telegram from Bucnos Aires that President at President and the professional politician is an element of the professional politician is an element of

portain part. If President Roca can introduce better methods he will do his constry a very important service.—Statist, July 22.

—On Thesday of this week it was stated in a telegram from Buenos Aires that President Roca is about to visit Urnguay and Brazil, for the purpose of inviting the presidents of those republics to meet kim at Buenos Aires in the autum and fold a conference with the President of Chili to discuss the subject of the reduction of South American armanents. It is added that President Roca will also propose an alliance of the four republics. An understanding between the four states for the reduction of armaments and to avoid nuncessary naval and military expenditure, the settlement in a friendly way of all disputes arising between them, and so on, is most desirable, and President Roca deserves great credit for taking up the matter and pushing it forward. It is known that he was largely instrumental in bringing about the settlement with Chili. The reader will also remember that he met the Chilian president since his accession to office in Patagonia, and that he has established very cordial relations with Chili. But while it is most desirable that the best relations should prevail between the four republics, it remains to be seen whether an actual alliance is practicable. Moreover, there is at least a danger that an alliance of the kind might he looked upon with some suspicion at Washington. The South American republics may reply that they have no hostic intentions against any other state, and that they have a perfect right to enter into whatsoever agreements they no answer. Of course, we admit that they have a right of the properties of the properties of the properties of the weak arise the course of the properties of the properties of the properties of the surface of the properties of the properties of the properties of the properties of the surface of the properties of the properties of the surface of the properties of the propert of the properties of the properties of the properties of the pr

An Englishman in Dublin was being driven on an ontside car down a street at the back of the custom-house, and said to the jarvey—This is a very fine building, a Golti, sir, said lic, abut you should see the front. This is the back, the front's behind. a Gad what are those three figures on the roof's asked the Englishman on passing the post-office. "Those, sir," said the jarvey, ware the twelve apostles." «But, said the Englishman, athere are only three." Quoth the Irishman: "The rest are inside sorting letters, sir."

MR. Edison is in possession of a curious electric cradle, presented to him by his assistants on the birth of his second daughter. Immediately above the place where the child's head would rest is a diaphragm, and on the infant crying, communication would at once take place between the diaphragm and at electric clock, the effect being that the cradle would rock. If the crying be continued for long, then the clock would release an arm attached to the side of the cradle, and a hottle would be swung over to the child's month. In a similar way two arms could be made to raise the child up and turn it either ou one added or the other, as it pleased.

A SALE AND A SELL.

A SALE AND A SELL.

A queer story comes from the City. A speculator eighteen months ago bought at an anction and for a high price some "land" in a South American republic. Desirous of inspecting his property he sailed for South America. There he found that his possessions consisted of a gulf, for by a blunder on the part of the translator for the auctioneer's aunonneement "land" had been set down instead of sea."

The disappointed speculator returned to Loudon, and without boasting that he had been as far as South America, sold his investment for a mere soug. Then he took a rest.

Last week he met in a City restaurant a friend, who greeted him effusively and extended hospitality. "You sold us sea instead of land," he said, "hut the purchase, we discovered, carried with fa fishing concession and a monopoly of the local markets. The merchants in the place wristed to get riid of us and bought us out. I only put a "fiver" into the speculatios, but it has brought me £1,000.

Daily Mail, Inly 17.

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Realized Capital. . Rs. 103.616:400\$000

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Reserve Fund . . . Rs. 16.787:304\$006 Profits in suspense . Rs. 10.384:820\$735

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R. C. A. A. v. BRITISH SQUADRON.

R. C. A. A. v. BRITISH SQUADRON.
This match was played on the Association's ground at Icarally on Tuesday the 29th ut., and resulted in a draw greatly in favor of the visitors who required 29 runs to win with only two wickest down. For the Squadron Lieut, Leggett, Dr. Miller and Mr. Lenn batted well, whilst W. Morrissy played in his usual good form for the Association and Roberts knocked up a lively 35. The scores were as follows:

R. C. AND A. ASSOCIATION.

l	J. B. Mawson, b. Manning	20
	II I. Reeves, b. Segrave	,
	E A. Tootal, b. Manning	_;
1	R. Morrissy, b. Segrave	7
I	R. Willes, b. do	1
Į	C. A. Conolly, ct. Leggett, b. Segrave	- (
ı	E. Roberts, b. Miller	3
1	P. C. Morrissy, b. Cherry	
ı	W. T. Ginns, b. do	
ı	F. S. Youle, b. Segrave	
	O. W. Rolls, not out	1
	Byes 12, leg byes 7	
	Total	18

BRITISH SQUADRON.

Lient, Leggett, not out	- 6
Dr. Miller, ct. Rolls, b. Mawson	4
Lieut, Loftie, et. Ginus, b. do	
Mr. Lenu, not out	4
Byes 4, no balls 2	
•	-

Total for two wickets. 157

RIO CRICKET.

RIO v. STATE OF S. PAULO.

This, the cricket event of the season, comes off on 7th and 8th inst. at learnly, play to commence each day at 10 o'clock. The following are the two teams:

RIO.

N. W. Jackson (captain), R. Morrissy, W. Morrissy, E. V. Morrissy, H. G. Pierce, H. J. Reeves, W. T. Ginns, J. B. Mawson, R. H. Robinson, C. L. Robinson, E. Tootal.

STATE OF S. PAULO.

STATE OF S. FAULO.

C. Miller (captain), H. Tross, A. Richards, A. Kealman, F. Fforde, F. Stewart, J. J. Webster, L. M. Howe, C. G. Vieira, A. M. Burgos, C. L. Stock.

For the entertainment of the visitors especially, a smoking concert will take place at the Larangeiras Club on 8th ult. commencing at 9 p.in.

RIO CRICKET AND ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

LAWN TENNIS TOURNAIENT.

The finals of this tournament took place last Sunday, and members are to be congratuated on the way they have supported the committee by getting their ties played off to date, notwithstanding the numerous other events on the fixture card. There was quite a large number of spectators on the ground, and some capital games took place, the doubles especially producing a prolonged struggle.

At the close of the proceedings, Mrs. Benest very kindly presented the prizes.

Beneath will be found the score ;

LADIES SINGLES. Mrs. Rolls. scr.: beat Miss Mawson + 2/6.....

6-2. 6-1.

GENTLEMEN'S SINGLES.

P. Barry—40 beat H. J. Reeves—15,2,.... 6-2. 6-3.

GENTLEMEN'S DOUBLES.

P. Barry and C. Henderson

-30.2 beat W. R. Bardsley and H. Evers.... 9-7. 7-9. 6-3

LAWN TENNIS.

A Lawn Tennis match has been arranged between H. M. Fleet and Rio for the 7th inst. to commence at 10 at m. Three pairs on each side will compete. The best of three sets; all against all.

The following are the teams for the match:

H. M. FI.EET. R. C. A. A.
P. Barry,
G. H. Lomas
C. Heuderson
H. R. Latham
H. Evers
R. Willes Mr. Hare Lieut. Cherry Lieut. Lawson Dr. Miller Mr. Parsons

BASE-BALL

There will be a very interesting event at the Association ground on the 10th inst., when the Americans of Rio will play the Americans of São Paulo at base-ball. It is to be hoped that our American friends will turn up in force.

PERNAMBUCO CRICKET.

"MARRIED AND ENGAGED" vs. "SINGLES"

This match was played August 20th and resulted in a draw. The secretary expresses the hope that the Married men, who were not able to complete an eleven for this match, will do better in 1900. Of course, laving the Engaged with them this year lent additional interest to their side. Cricket in Pernambuco is still finding frequent rains an obstacle to good cricket.

The scores were :

Lieut. Leggett

MARRIED AND ENGAGED.

ı		
	A. L. Bell, * ct. Davey, b. Marshall. H. C. Pollok, * b. Marshall. F. Clemetson, ct. Marshall, b. Deere. F. R. Foy, do do b. Davey. C. Williams, ct. Mathews, b. R. Conolly H. Fletcher, b. Deere. H. Shorto, * b. R. Conolly. G. D. Estill, b. Howe. E. Lloyd, ct. Marshall, b. Howe J. Swift, not out R. Lowe, b. Howe. Extrus. Total. * Eugaged.	0 0 23 4 19 4 5 7 3 1 0 6
	SINGLES.	
	W. Matthews, b. Clemetson. W. E. G. Boxwell, b. Foy. H. Conolly, ct. Poy. b. Clemetson. H. C. Howe, b. Williams. W. M. Webster, b. Foy. H. S. Fellows, not out. J. Davey, b. Clemetson. L. Latham, run out. R. Couolly, C. C. Deere; did not bat.	11 18 2 18 3 0
į	W. Marshall,	
5	Extras	8
		_

LEOPOLDINA RAIL WAY.

Total. 63

The first report of the Leopoldina Railway Company for 1898 shows gross receipts of £541,000. expenses of £460,000, and net earnings of £81,000. Adding to this the balance of the government guarantee account and miscellaneous receipts, announting together to £24,000, the total net income is £105,000. The interest on the four per cent, debenture stock calls for £47,000, and the surplus balance thus amounts to £58,000. This sum is carried forward. The ordinary capital is £5,465,235, in £10 shares, and the profit for 1898, including the government guarantee, was thus equal to a shade over 1 per cent, of dividend. In the first 28 weeks of 1899 the gross receipts have declined by £21,000; but the traffics of the last week or two have shown marked improvement, and if the gains continue the gross results for the present year may be somewhat better than last. Further, the ratio of expenses to receipts in 1898 was as high as 85 per cent, and as the company is being entirely reorganised, and fresh rolling stock provided, the cost of working should be materially reduced. Hence, future results may give a better showing than for 1898. The price of the four per cent, debenture stock is 85, a figure which, considering the margin of profit for last year and the probability of the company doing better in the future, is attractive for an investor desiring a yield of £1,45 2d, per cent. The ordinary shares are quoted a 4½, and as a lock up for two or three years may prove profitable. Gauged by last year's results the price is, of course, sufficiently high.—Statist, July 29.

COFFEE NOTES

The Diario de Santos says that a coffee plantation in Jacarehy, São Panlo, valued at 200,000 has been sold at auction for 20,7005.

The planters short Baturité, Ceará, are abandoning coffee and substituting manicoba in its place. Ceará produces but little coffee, but it is of good quality.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, the United States imported 335,347 pounds of chicory, of an average value of 3,279 cents a pound. Not very dangerous to coffee producers, surely.

The 1898 coffee crop in Java was reported to the United States consul at Batavia as 56,307 piculs Liberian and 138,833 piculs Java—a total of 27,450,249 pounds. The estimate for 1899 is 167 84,004 piculs Liberian and 365,241 piculs Java, or about twice the yield of last year.

The legislative assembly of Minas Geraes has passed the bill reducing the export duty on coffee from 11 to 9 per cent. The bill has been approved by the governor. It is estimated that this reduction is worth at least 2,500,000 a year to the coffee planters.

According to the report of the surveyors, only 2,000 bags of coffee were damaged by water on the sRei de Portugal, the remaining thousand being saved. It will be remembered that this steamer was somewhat dauaged in a heavy storm between Santos and this port.

Ti-monto	10.023,374	30,010,193
Exports	851,690,084	801,750,145
Net Imports	\$62,674.181	\$52,369,360
Value	102,074.101	6.5-10C
as to a man mounted	7.3-10C	
The imports are	from the foll	owing coun-
The imports are	nom the	٠ ١
tries :		Pounds.
		628,417,812
Brazil		90,332,351
Other South Americ	an countries.	90,332,331
Central America		45,298,800
Mexico		27,324,827
Mexico		11,701,201
West Indies		10,498,299
East Indies		4,465,795
United Kingdom		4,403,793
Other Asia and Oce	anica	5,290,164
Netherlands		3,655,289
Germany		2,138,780
Germany		642,003
Africa		482,979
France and other I	surope	
All other countries		1,572,041
1111 Outlier		

From the above it appears that 75 ½ per cent of the total supply came from Brazil and from all South America 86 ½ per cent. The East Indies supplied 1 ½ per cent. of the total importe and yet good Java coffee is sold in every grocery store. These figures indicate that any abortage in the Brazil crop, means a sudden advance in prices. A crop disaster is the contingency that will make a bull market. It is not in sight for the current crop year.—American Grocer, Aug. 2.

PUBLICATIONS RECEIVED.

Modifications sur la Technique de l'Anes-thèsie Locale; by Rodolphe Chapot-Prévost, surgeon-dentist. A discussion of the local application of anesthetics in dental extrac-tions.

application of anesthetics in dental extractious.

Relatorio of the Banco de Credito Real de Minas Geraes, which was presented at the general assembly of shareholders on August 26th. The results of the bank's operations for the past year, in spite of the great depression in business, have been fairly good, the gross profits having been 797,3145318 for the last fiscal year, and the dividend 12 per cent.

The 68th Annual Report of the Directors of the St. John del Rey Mining Company, Ld., June, 1899. We are indebted to the courtesy of Mr. Chalmers, superintendent at the Morro Vello mines, for a copy of this full and interesting report. We have already reproduced a brief summary of the proceedings at the annual meeting of ehareholders, to whom this report was presented, but opportunely we shall hope to make further use of the information whice it gives of this celebrated mine.

Terra Dolorosa; by Oliveire Gomes. Rio

tunely we shall hope to make this celchrated mine.

Terra Dolorosa; by Oliveire Gomes. Rio de Janeiro: A. J. Lamoureux & Co., 1899. A book of impressions and fancies, which appeals solely to the literary sense of the reader, to his appreciation of style, and to his imagination. Among the younger generation of writers, the author is known as an industrious and painetaking worker, and in better times coming, for we must indulge the belief that these days of self-denial and sacrifice and depression must soon pass, he will surely rank high among those whose pens are dedicated to the pleasing task of promoting a healthy national literature.

Estatistica Agricola do Municipio de S. Carlos do Pinhal, 1899. organized by the Clui de Lavoura. A very useful publication, from which we learn that the municipality possesses at total of 17,352.000 coffee trees on best landa, and 9,540,000 trees on second grade lands. Of these 5,750,000 are under 4 years of age, 15-970,000 are between 4 and 20 years old, and 5,850,000 are presented to the population of the municipality is 24,350, of which 15,688 are laborers, 1,205 of the lotal being white Brazilians, 1,242 blacks, and the balance foreigners (10,-396 Italians).

—The value of the merchandise exported from the United Kingdom to Brazil in the first half of 1899 was £2,523,000, against £2,774,000 in the corresponding period of last year. In the first half of the present year that country imported from Brazil merchandise valued at £2,158,000, against £2,363,000 in the first half of 1898.

—Something conduct to be done with the

—Something ought to he done with the men who worry us with grand schemes. We shall meet them and solve them in the fulness of time without the help of these busy promoters. The latest scheme is that of canals uniting the Orinoco, Amazon and Paragnay, so as to open up a South American across-country waterway. It would cost a limited millions, and be of very little use to the world when finished.

mished.

—What's the trouble with Consul Kennedy, of Parâ? According to the newspapers he has informed the state department that Parâ has passed a biliappropriating \$50,000 assa subsidy for a reliable steamship service between New York, Parâ and Rio, and that the authorities at Rio are ready to add \$200,000 more for the same purpose. We have heard nothing of such an intention down this way, nor do we believe that the national government has the slightest idea of offering such a subsidy.

—The following is a statement subsided.

thousand being saved. It will be remembered that this steamer was somewhat damaged in a heavy storm between Santos and this port.

COFFEE IMPORTS, 1899.

The United States burean of statistics reports to total imports, exports, and net imports of coffee for the past two years, ending June 30, 1899, as follows:

1898. 1899. 1899.

islati	011:	
rom	Great Britain	3,042,475\$404
cc	Belginm	501.087\$651 299,713\$429
**	Germany	273,662\$000
К	Argentina	206,967\$488
((France	115,369\$000
« t	he United States	
ti (other countries	3,30040-0

Total. 4,471,079\$357

This merchandise was exempt from payment of duty, but in some instances the custom-house collected a fee (expediente) of 10 of a distance. The greater part, however, was injorted by the government and consequently subject to no cherge whatever.

Hotels.

THERESOPOLIS GRANDE HOTEL THERESOPOLIS

STOATED AT THE ATO DO THERSEPOLDS

OLIMATE VERY HEALTHY

GEORGE SCHINNIER has the honor of advising his friends and patrons that he honor of advising the management of the management of the expects here to be a state of the expect of the continuation of the kind here of

Bessel Committee transportation to the foot of revir and vice-verse. The control of the control

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This hold; which has been completely restored, is situated in the best part of the city, receiving air and light from all lour sides, close to the cleanest been of the city, surrounded by a large with the commortable commortable results and the commortable comm

Grande Hotel Metropole

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This popular Hotel has been completely and the congility restored and has been provided in the congility restored and has been provided in clinical to the congility restored and has been provided in clinical to the congility restored and respect to the congility restored the congility of the congil

FREITAS HOTEL 120, Rua do Riachuelo

Mr. J. F. Parita, proprietor of the old and well known Freitan Hotel, desires to advise his friends and former such as the has reopened that hotel at the has reopened that hotel at the control of the c

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Two pleasant rooms with board at No. 2 Rus 110a vingett, S. Domingos, only five minutes from the barra station.

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Missing Friends.

The British constit will be glad to receive informa-tion of the following: YATGMAN, James - who was employed for some time as engine driver on the Central Argentine Rail-way and who left Rosario about 3 or 4 years ago. Rio de Janetro, 29th Angust, 1899.

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House on the Morro do Cavaliso, Jurujnba. Apply to II. A. DELISLE.

15 Rua da Alfandega.

Collegio Americano Fluminense. Persons desiring to matriculate their children wih please communicate with the Directress,

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TELEGRAMS OF THE WEEK

United States.

Aug. 26.—Admiral Sampson has returned to New York on sick leave.

In the course of a speech delivered in Washington, President McKinley said the American flag would remain were it had been placed in the Philippines, not as a symbol of oppression but of liberty. He also stated that Philippines would ultimately enjoy equal rights with other American citizens.

Three extra regiments have been sent to Manilla.

The New York Herald says that the government is about to grant an indemnization of 10,000 dollars for the recent lyuching of Italians.

Auc. 27.—President McKinley signed the decree recognising the independence of Cuba. (This event of great importance in the history of the western hemisphere is thus curtly dealt with by the telegraph agencies, no details being given).

being given).

Aug. 28.—The negroes of Darien, Panama, have armed themselves to prevent the lynching of one of their number.

The revolutionary party in San Domingo is gradually increasing in strength.

President McKinley has sent the proclamation of the independence of Caba to the governor general of the island.

ernor general of the island.

AUG. 29.—The New York Herald treating of the Philippine insurrection says the barred of the natives for the Americans grows greater every day throughout the archipelago, and it foresees a great expenditure of blood and treasure before the revolt is suppressed.

President McKinley, in a speech at Pittsburg, declared that the government would grant no concession to the Tagalos or have any negotiations whatsoever with them until the revolution was put down and the dominion of the United States acknowledged.

Two Philippine alcades have been arrested in Luzon charged with secretly helping the rebels.

General MacArthur has won another victory

bels. General MacArthur has won another victory over the Tagalos near San Fernando, and in Zamboanga the insurgents have been com-pletely crushed.

The majority of the Havana papers are in favor of an American protectorate.

An orphanage at Sparkhill was destroyed by fire. Three children were burnt to death and thirty injured.

thirty injured.

Aug. 30.—The rebel forces in San Doutingo have taken possession of Puerto Plata and Santiago, two of the strongest positions in the little republic. The government has proposed an armistice with the rebels, as it is feared that an intervention on the part of the United States is innuinent. The revolutionary chief Jimeuez is still in Santiago de Cuba.

Havana telegrams say that the independence of Cuba has not yet been promingated there.

of Cuba has not yet been promulgated there.

Aug. 31.—A convention which was held in functionate to-day passed a resolution condenning the war in the Philippines.

The epidemic of yellow fever, which broke out in the barracks at Hampton some weeks ago, has now been completely strunged out. General Piguereo, who assumed the presidency of S. Domingo after the assassination of General Henrens, has resigned, and it is said that there is now no obstacle to Jimenez becoming President.

President McKinley has ordered an exact census to be taken in Cuba.

SEPT. I.—The situation in San Domingo is now peaceful. The ministers who recently resigned have withdrawn their resignations, and the political prisoners have been released. General Jimenez is daily expected to arrive and assume the presidency.

A telegram from San Francisco states that a great part of the city of Yokohama, Japan, has been destroyed by fire. Twenty people were burnt to death and a large number were injured.

Spain.

Aug. 26.—The president of the health board has replied to the British and French consuls, that all legal measures have been taken to guard against the introduction of the bubonic plague by vessels from infected and suspected ports, but adds that he will enquire into the subject of whether the present quarantine regulations should be maintained in their entirety.

regulations should be maintained in the entirety.

Dr. Koch has been asked to study the bubouic plague on the spot in Oporto. One more case is reported there, and two deaths. The schools are closed.

General Polavieja is said to have again provoked a partial crisis in the cabinet.

Aug. 27.—The Spanish health anthorities complain that the true state of the plague in Oporto is being concealed, and that other Portuguese towns are infected.

Auc. 28.—General Polavieja declares that ne French army will never accept the acquittal

of Dreyfus.

An animated meeting was held in Huesca to protest against the excessive taxation.

The government has made a claim on Portugal for the nurder of a Spanish soldier, who was on duty as one of the sanitary cordon, by Portuguese.

Aug. 29.—The Madrid papers comment vigorously on a pamphlet published by a Portuguese officer who advocates an alliance

between Great Britain and Portugal against Spain.

Spain.

It is now reported that there is a complete agreement between Sr. Silvela, the preinter, and General Polavieja, the minister of war. The latter is about to make great reductions in the estimates of his department.

Auc. 30.—The Philippine committee in Europe has invited the Spanish government to deal directly with the Philippine chiefs or with Aguinaldo for the release of the Spanish prisoners in the power of the Tagalos.

Aug. 31.—Several papers having stated that a great Carlist agitation was taking place in the north of Spain, the government has offi-cially denied the fact this morning after a rigorous enquiry.

SEPT. 1.—Sr. Silvela has denied that the cabinet is considering the question of a loan. The official journals say that the next budget will show economies to the value of 176 milwill show econo lions of pesetas.

Great Britain.

Arc. 26.—The London papers published telegrams from Delagon stating that various Transwal emmissaries there have been arrested by the Portuguese authorities. These latter are making preparations for defence, as they fear an invasion by the Boers.

The Transwal Volkstrad has passed a law prohibiting the enlistment of foreigners.

A meeting of over 4,000 persons was held to day in Amsterdam, and passed resolutions in favor of the Boers.

General Joubert, addressing a meeting in Johannesburg to-day, said he would do all in his power to maintain peace, but he would fight to the death for the independence of the Transwal republic.

Arc. 27.—It is stated in London that Ger-

Transvan republic.

Aug. 27.—It is stated in London that Germany is negotiating with Spain for the purchase of the island of Pernando Po.

A strike of merchant seamen is said to be inminent in London.

A cyclone has passed over Jamaica doing great damage and is travelling in the direction of Guadelonpe.

The Volkstraad has prolonged the period of the dynamite monopoly in the Transvaal.

Mr. Chamberlain in a speech at Birmingham said that if President Ernger would only make moderate concessions, the existing difficulties would be smoothed over, but relations at present are too strained to last long. He concluded by saying that he connted on the support of the whole nation in the event of a rupture with the Transvaal.

Aug. 28.—The British government has

Auct. 28.—The British government has warned Russia that no aggressions will be permitted anywhere that British interests predominate.

America has ordered 50,000 tons of steel from Scotland.

Telegrams from San Domingo published in Loudon say that the rebels have beaten the government party and the ultimate triumph of linenez is assured.

In reply to the proposals of Mr. Chamberlain, President Kruger said the Transval would stand by his first offer.

The bubonic pest has broken out in the Caspian sea in a mild form. The Russian government has drawn a sanitary cordan around the infected district.

Avg. 29.—Telegrams from Oporto amounce

around the intected district.

Arg. 29.—Telegrams from Oporto amounce the appearance of four new cases there of bubonic plague.

The President of the Orange Pree State has sent a letter to the governor of Cape Colons expressing his most cordial sympathy with Great Britain and offering his support. The letter was read in the Cape parliament by Mr. Ergels troops are being recovered.

Schreiner.
Fresh troops are being pressed forward from Capetown to the Transvaal frontier.
From Kingston, Januaica, it is reported that an epideunic very like cholera has broken out in Cayman island and has already caused 50 deaths.

deaths.

AUG. 30.—The Loudon press publishes telegrams saving that the sauntary cordon of 2,000 men around Oporto is insufficient to prevent the spread of the buhouic plague. Also that there are cases in Lisbon and other places which are being criminally kept secret. The merchants of Oporto have held a meeting to protest against the rigor of the sauntary uneasures in force.

The Times of to-day says the government is waiting to receive the definite reply of President Kruger in order to act according to circumstances. There is, however, a certainty that Kruger will make no concessions.

The latest Cape telegrams assert that the Boers are serving out arms and ammunition to the natives.

Boers are serving out arms and ammunition to the natives.

Lord Kitchener, governor of the Soudan, has suppressed a rising of dervishes on the White Nile. Amongst those killed were Mahommed Cherif and two sons of the Mahdi.

Baron Albert Grant died to-day. (Twenty years ago, the name of Baron Grant was a name to conjure with in the financial world. He spen this mighty fortune right royally and presented Holborn Viaduct to the City of London. His Kensington palace was one of the finest in London. He, however, had the misfortune to fail, and all was sold to satisfy his creditors. He still continued his financial schemes, but he was rarely successful, and died in comparative poverty).

An Englishman and three guides perished in an attempt to ascend Monte Rosa. Their bodies were discovered by another mountain-eering party from Zermatt.

Aug. 31.—Lisbon telegrams say that the number of cases of bubonic plague is diminishing in Oporto, that the merchants there have closed their shops as a protest against the strict sanitary regulations, and that a commission of medical men has decided that the plague does not exist in Lisbon.

The court ordered the approximation of the Rore have been attending the court. The town is quiet.

Aug. 29.—The Paris papers say the trial of 1894 had pronounced an opinion against him, and was now convinced of line and them. In the trial of 1894 had pronounced an opinion against him, and was now convinced of his bring the convention of the properties of the against him, and was now convinced of his against him, and was now convinced to him against him, and was now convinced of his against him, and was now convinced to him against him, an

Two secret emissaries of the Boers have been arrested in Delagoa.

arrested in Delagoa.

The Times severely criticises the recent speech of Mr. Schreiner in which he said that in case of war between Great Britain and the Transwal, Cape Colony would remain neutral. On the other hand telegrams from Capetown say that a great meeting is being organised to protest against the statement of the premier. The Portuguese government has ordered the war material scized in Delagoa Bay to be delivered to the Transwal government.

St. Polersburg telegrams say that the Czar

St. Petersburg telegrams say that the Czar is undergoing an operation in Darmstadt.

SEPT. I.—A Dutch petition has been sent to Queen Victoria asking her personal intervention to avoid war with the Transvaal.

The Portuguese government has ordered the liberation of the Boers arrested in Delagoa. the inseration of the Boers arrested in Delagon.

The Transvaal government declares that if
Great Britain accepts its conditions, the Raad
will be dissolved, the people consuited and
the new electoral law applied to the uitlanders
within a few weeks.

Col. Heetor McDonald has been summoned to London with urgency, and it is expected that he will be sent to South Africa on an important government commission.

The medical congress at Southampton has qualified the outbreak of bubouic plague in Oporto as the most deadly yet known.

France.

Aug. 26.—The siege of the anti-semitic club Aug. 26.—The slege of the continues. M. Guerin came to one of southness and fired two shots into the same to the s windows and fired two shots into the street without injuring anyone. A man who tried to throw a brudle of letters into the house was arrested. The besieged later on displayed a black flag, and a priest obtained permission from the police to pass into the house to minister to the sick. On it being known that a printer of L'Anti-Juji was in his last agony, his mother was also permitted to see him. She reported that he was very emaciated, but refused to leave the house.

reported that he was very emaciated, but refused to leave the house. The court at Rennes continued the hearing of M. Bertillon's evidence that had so wearied the court on the preceding day that only the funders and advocates listened to it to-day. He wished to prove his proposition that Dreyfus was the author of the bordereau, but stated that he considered Esterhazy à wretch enpalle of anything. Capt. Preystatetr, one of the judges in 1894, said that Col. Manrel was incorrect is stating that only one document of the secret dossier had been read by him, as alf the others existent at the time had been read on by the clerk of the court, and Col. Maurel, as president, had commented on them one by one. This Col. Maurel indignantly denied, and General Mercier soid some of the documents mentioned by the witness were subsequent to the trial in 1894. Me. Labori then saked for a medical commission to examine the state of Col. Du Paty de Clana. Se he it was who prepared the secret dossier. When the court rose, M. Paraf Javal, an expert, was under examination refining the evidence of M. Bertillou.

AUG. 27.—The Havas agency has been authorised to state that the army staff corps will no louger deal with spies. The police will deal with them in future.

will deal with them in future.

Guerin and his companions are still holding out in the building of the auti-sentitic league, which people now call a Fort Chabrol. A man who made a desperate attempt to comminicate with the besieged was arrested by the police.

the police.

A society of French ladies has addressed a petition to Mine. Loubet asking her to intercede with her husband to get the seige raised.

The anti-semitic league has circulated handbills broadcast over Paris asking the people to interfere in favor of Guerin and his companious. to interf

Auc. 28.—The police report that they have discovered a subterranean tube through which food has been conveyed to Gnerin and his companions which has enabled them to hold out for 14 days. The tube was cut at once.

out for 14 days. The tube was cut at once.

The directors of the evening papers La Patric and Le Soir are to be tried for inciting the market-women to break through the police in a body and carry food to the besieged men.

hen.

A terrible catastrophe took place in a mine at St. Etienne. When 16 men were being hauled up the shaft, the wire rope parted and the men were precipitated to the bottom and completely sunsited by the heavy cage.

The police made a thorough scarch of the honse of M. Dubne, president of the antisemitic youth society, and found a number of papers of great importance and of a compromising nature.

The whole day's sitting of the court at

The whole day's sitting of the court at Rennes was taken up by the examination of 7 experts in landwriting with respect to the bordereau. Six of them were of opinion that the document was not the work of Dreyfus, and one held it was. Some of the witnesses attributed it to Esterlazy, one being so positive that it was his handiwork that he offered to stake his head on it. Amongst the witnesses in favor of Dreyfus was M. Charavay, who

a commission to take the evidence of Du Paty de Clim, as he is prevented by illness from attending the court. The town is quiet.

Atts, 29.—The Paris papers say the trial of the prisoners charged with conspiracy against the government will not take place until the middle of September.

L'Etair is being prosecuted for the publication of an article headed a Cet animal de Dreyfas in 1896. M. Lissajoux, the writer of the article, has been arrested.

At Rennes, Col. Corder, who was sub-chief of the information office in the unbistry of war in 1894, occupied the morning with his evidence, which was strongly in favor of the prisoner. He said that the evidence given by General Roget was entirely false. At the time of the arrest of Dreyfus there was only one paper missing from its place, and that had reference to the plans for the mobilisation of the army. Since then up to the time of his retirement other papers were abstracted from time to time. The bonderam was delivered to Col. Sandherr by Col. Henry at some date subsequent to Oct. 24, 1894, the date of the arrest of Dreyfus. The suspicious of the witness that Dreyfus was a traitor being aroused, he had him watched, but found no tangible proof. He had been convinced of the prisoner's guilt by the manimity of the judges who condemned him. but after Col. Picquirt had made his investigations, he altered his opinion and was how sure of the innocence of Dreyfus. Commandant Lauth charged the witness with being the only jew hater on the staff in 1894, and Col. Cordier replied that it was \$0, but his dislite to ews did not go to the extent of giving false evidence or of ceasing to be an upright man. In the afternoon M. de Freychele, ex-minister of war, gave evidence of little direct importance.

Aug. 30. — M. Paul Déronlède, who has seen in prison since the 12th inst., has sent a letter to President Loubet asking to be brought to trial on any charge that may be

prolifer to that against him.

Marquis Valcarlos, the Spanish military attache in Paris, is about to bring an action against the Figaro for having published libelous articles about him in reference to the

libelous articles about him in reference to the Dreyfus case.

The most of the evidence given to day at Rennes was that of experts, who, for the most part, attributed the borderear to Esterhazy. General Deloye said it was impossible for Dreyfus in 1894 to know anything about the recoil broke of the "120 court" cannon. Dreyfus said he knew of the mechanism theoretically through a lecture he attended at Bourges in 1890, but he had never seen the gun worked or fired.

Dreyfus said he knew of the mechanism theoretically through a lecture he attended at Bourges in 1590, but he had never seen the gun worked or fired.

Aug. 31.—The papers favorable to Dreyfus are manimous in declaring absolute confidence in his acquittal, as the evidence hitherto given is insufficient to condemn him. M. Henri Rochefort is said to have declared in the presence of Sarah Beruhardt that he is now fully convinced of the innocence of Dreyfus. M. de Freycinet, c. minister of war, in interviews with several journalists, expressed an ardent desire that Dreyfus should be acquited. (This he subsequently denied). The verdict of the court is expected to be given in the course of the next week.

The court-nartial in Rennes went into the question of the *120 court* cannon for three hours with closed doors. Capt. Lebrun Renand then gave evidence as to the reputed confession of Dreyfus, that if he had given away unimportant documents it was to obtain others of greater value, and with the knowledge of the univister of war. Dreyfus had never made a confession of guilt to him. Commandant Torainetti, ex-governor of the Cherche Midi prison, said the behavior of Dreyfus while in his charge was that of an innocent man. He was in despair and tried to commissioned be provinces to find papers relative to the recent conspiracy.

The Archibishop of Paris has addressed the provinces to find papers relative to the recent conspiracy.

The Archibishop of Paris has addressed the provinces to find papers relative to the recent conspiracy.

The Archibishop of Paris has addressed the premier, M. Waldeck Ronseau, in favor of Guerin and his friends. The minister replied that they had already been treated all too leniently.

At the sitting of the Dreyfus court-martial to-day, a man maned Germain said that in 1856 he had prepared a horse for the prisoner to witness the German military mancuwers in Milhausen, where Dreyfus asserted he had new been. He also said that Commandant D'Infreville said he did not know Dreyfus the time, and ther

THE RIO NEWS

A. J. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprieto

Sontains a summary of news and a review of Brazilian Cffairs, I list of the arrivals and departures of foreign aessel, the commercial report and price current of the market, tables of stock quotations and sales, a summary of the daily coffee reports and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazilian

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RIO DE JANEIRO, SEPTEMBER 5th, 1899.

ONE of the most disheartening features of the present critical situation is the inertuess and timidity of the people, and one of its most hopeless features is the insensibility and ignorance of those the graph presenting to govern the the insensibility and ignorance of those who are pretending to govern the country. The people have never been accustomed to think for themselves, and they have never learned the useful lessou of using legitimate means for protecting themselves against misgovernment. Under the monarchy they were treated like children, and a small centralized governing class decided centralized like children, and a small centralized governing class decided everything for them. Under the republic, they are nominally self-governing, but in reality they are in exactly the same position they were before, but with the difference that they have exchauged one class of rulers for another less experienced in the management of public affairs and far more mercenary. Even their representatives are chosen by self-appointed cliques, styling themselves central committees, and should there be any opposition in elections, they are so manipulated, either through violence or fraud, that an houest result there be any opposition in elections, they are so manipulated, either through violence or fraud, that an houest result can not possibly be achieved. This is one of the principal evils of the Latin-American republic, and it is one of the reasons why revolutions are so frequent. There is no other recourse against government abuses. Were the people to insist upon their unquestioned rights—the right of choosing their own representatives, the right of appeal to independent courts against unjust taxation and official oppression, the right of open markets for the sale of their products and the right of exacting strict accountability from officials charged with the administration of their affairs, then there would be some chance for ducts and the right of exacting strict accountability from officials charged with the administration of their affairs, then there would be some chance for inprovement. But the people are ignorant and apathetic and do not insist upon their rights, and the politicians who are living upon them are much less concerned about public rights than about personal advantages. And just here lies the hopelessness of the situation. Were congressmen, the chosen representatives of the people in theory, really interested in the welfare of their constituents, they would make it their business to know their wants and to further their interests. If a tax weighted too heavily upon any class, or upon any industry, they should seek to have it reduced. If trade is declining, they should seek to know the causes, and then promptly offer a remedy. But they are doing absolutely nothing of the kind. Instead they are preparing to increase taxes and to impose new ones, although the people are without remunerative employment and are unable to meet the exactions already imposed upon them. We know for a fact that the people of this city are in desperate straits: they are finding it extremely difficult to pay rent, to meet the running expenses of their shops and to meet necessary living expenses. It is no exaggeration to say that every new tax imposed must be at the expense of food and clothing. Is the President and his minister of finance

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aware of this? Apparently not. Are congressmen aware of it? They do not show it. And are the native newspapers aware of it? If they are, they do not mention it. They have editors in congress, or they are interested in the patronage which the government is able to dispense, and they keep silent. And so the cruel farce goes on—that of skinning the living sheep whose fleeces have already been cut away.

The Bolivian consul at Pará has advised the Rolivian uninster at this capital that the revolution in the Acre district has no importance whatever. He says there are only ten armed men at Puerto Alouso, which is certainly not a very dangerous army to deal with. Perhaps the most dangerous element to deal with is the feverish imaginations at Mandos and Pará, which are discovering all sorts of mare's uests in the woods about them. The Acre district may be full of possibilities, but it can not show much of a population from which to create a revolution. There is no occasion, at any rate, to lie awake nights thinking about it.

THE budget commission of the chamber of deputies has resolved to impose consumption taxes (in strups) upon tobacco and its preparations, distilled and fermented liquors, artificial unineral waters. matches, boots and shoes, candles, vinegar, galt, pharmacentical preparations, lats, preserved ments, fish, sweets, fruits and vegetables, playing cards, perfumeries and upon cotton and woolen fabrics. Registry taxes are also imposed on factories and shops making and selling such articles. Even the peddlers will not escape registry. We are getting down very near to the point where a stamp will be required for every mouthful of food taken and every square inches of clothing worn. of clothing worn.

of clothing worn.

On Thursday last the Paiz published the following absurdly transparent statement:

« A gentleman who was recently in Europe, and who, during his permanency in the old I world, had occasion to frequent the highest circles, tells us that the young sovereign of a powerful state, who up to a short time ago was unspected of wishing to establish his dominion in South America, has concluded to guarantee the republics of Latin America against whatever pretentions of territorial expansion that, by chance, may spring from the policy recently denominated—imperialist...

To this end, adds the said gentleman, this sovereign has ordered his diplomatic representatives that, in conformity will his resolve, they should support the Latin republies in such entergencies.

Of course it was not necessary to mention any names, for no one can fail to see who and what is meant. We may be permitted to say, however, that we do not believe the sovereign alluded to has ever given the assurances mentioned in this piece of mischievous gossip. And as for the «imperialist pretensions of which we hear so much, they exist only in diseased imaginations, so far as South America is concerned. Were it not for the jealousy, envy and latent hostility which exist in certain quarters, no one would even dream of the existence of such pretensions.

tain quarters, no one would even dream of the existence of such pretensions.

It is strange, indeed, that the man who favors peace, who abhors injustice, and who has the moral courage to oppose aggressive and injust acts on the part of his own government, should be subjected to abuse and uisrepresentation as an unpatriotic citizen and even as a traitor to his country. And yet it is not infrequently the judgment of history that these men were right, and that theirs was the true patriotism. Something over a century ago, the elder Pitt, Fox, Burke and others had the courage to oppose the policy of George III for the coercion of the American colonies, and they even went so far as to openly declare their suppathy with the rebels. They incurred their burker of the courage to oppose the policy of George III for the coercion of the American colonies, and they even went so far as to openly declare their suppathy with the rebels. They incurred their burker of the courage to oppose the policy of George III for the covernment and the press attack Mr. Schreiner, of Cape Colony, and others of his way of thinking, for opposing Mr. Chamberlain's policy of erushing the Transvall republic, they should remember the fatal blunder of one hundred and twenty odd years ago, and reflect that in making war upon a weaker power for political purposes they themselves may be adjudged wrong and unpartiotic. So, too, in the United States, George Washington was an anti-imperialist—an anti-expansionist. He advised his countrymen to stay at home and mind their own business. Were heliving to-day, he would be called a geoperhead a vacalamity-howler, even a draitor. And for the thousands of reputable citizens who would follow his advice, and who disapprove of the annexation of the Philippine islands and the endless wars which that mistaken policy entails, there is no abuse too covers, and no denunciation too severe. And they these men simply want their countrymen to stay at home and mind their own business. They want to avrid war and all the miseri

WR should like to call the attention of the director-general of public health to the agreement made some four or five years ago in regard to quaramitines, in which, among other things, the government agreed to land the main mundately from ships ordered into quaramitine. The regulations issued from his cupartituent also provide for the prompt delivery of the mails. And yet, week before last the mails from Europe per a Magdollenas were taken to Ilha Grande and were kept there three days, and the mails by the siberian last week were also taken to the quaramine station and kept three days. This is clearly irregular and is a violation of international agreement and an infraction of the regulations governing the administration of that department. More than that, it is us-less as a precaution, for the mails can be fuminized here as well as at llha Grande, and a few hours are all that can be required for it. The sanitary authorities, however, seem to think that they are under no obligation either to obey the law, or to consult the interests of the public. They do or leave audone whatever pleases their whins, they exercise more power than the President himself can do, and they are practically irresponsible for the wrongs they commit. The injustice of all this is clearly apparent. We do not oppose any necessary precantion gainst a threatened invasion of an infectious disease, but we do oppose petry and unnecessary restrictions. We have losses and aanoyances enough to bear without having these forced upon us.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES

Aug. 28. — Chamber of Deputies. — There was received a telegram saying that the Amazonas state legislature had adopted a resolution protesting against the movement that declared the independence of the Rio Acre territory.

territory.

Aug. 29.—Chamber of Deputies.—There was voted in 1st discussion a bill for connecting the ports of Rio de Janeiro and Santos by a metre gauge railway.

Aug. 30.—Senate.—By a vote of 38 to 2 the senate rejected the bill of Senator Pires Ferreira for establishing four classes of medals for rewarding civil and nilitary services.

Aug. 31. — Chamber of Deputies. — The chamber voted in 1st discussion the bill for readmitting the retired vice-admiral Barão de Jaceguay into active service in the navy.

Jaceguay into active service in the navy.

SEPT. 1. — Senale. — Senator Aquilino de Annaral spoke on affairs in Matto Grosso. — Chamber of Deputies. — Deputy Luiz Adolpto spoke on affairs in Matto Grosso. To the bill readmitting flarño de Jaceguay into active service there were offered several amendments, one of which provides for the readmittance of all retired officers who choose to return to active service.

SEPT. _ Spante — The senate adouted the

active service.

SEPT. 2.—Senate.—The senate adopted the report of the committee on legislation against granting a monopoly for importing fire-arms to five merchants of Rio de Jauetro.—Chamber of Departies.—Deputy Montenegro spoke on the Matto Grosso question. The deficiency appropriation of 50,000\$\(^{\text{i}}\) in gold for the department of foreign affairs was voted in 2nd discussion, and the bill authorizing the government to make the necessary appropriation for concluding the work out-the Tamandaré quarantine station was voted in 3rd discussion.

Provincial Notes

—The legislature of the state of Rio de Janeiro will, it is said, hold its next session at Nictheroy. —Reports have continued to arrive of abuses committed at the recent gubernatorial election

iu Paraná.

—It is said that Gov. Luiz Vianna will visit the governor of Minas Geraes at Bello Horizonte about the 20th to 25th inst.

—Subscriptions at Pará for the relief of the poor of Oporto, where bubouic pest is raging, have reached the sum of 30,000,5000.

—If the state of Minas Geraes is too poor to support a nuch needed normal school, low visit that it can afford to buy up a worthless railway?

—The editor of the Tarkey.

ratiway?

—The editor of the Tribuna Popular, a journal published at Penedo, Alagoas, telegraphs that the police threaten to destroy his printing-office.

printing-oince.

—A lelegram of the 2nd inst. from Bahia says that for lack of cartridges the 16th battalion of infantry failed to fire a salute at the funeral of Col. Edmundo Bittencourt.

—The Diario Popular, of São Paulo, says that in July there were 283 immigrant arrivals at Santos and 6,000 departures for Europe in the same month. Will the government take ote of this?

—On the morning of the 31st ult., Col. dmundo Bittencourt, commander of the 9th attation, committed suicide by a sbot in the ar. He lived only a few hours after the occurrence

- According to private advices the situation
- According to private advices the situation
in Matto Grosso is extremely critical. Should
there be civil war in that state, there will be
m difficulty in pointing out the man who is
solely to blame for it.

solely to hame for it.

—Among the pessengers south on the 2nd inst. by the coasting str. « Itapacy » was Mr. P. Staniforth, the new British consult at Rio Grande. Mr. Staniforth has our best wishes for his micial auccess at Rio Grande, which will be anything but a sinecure for a time.

—Election disputes led to the destruction of the printing-office of A Ordem at Itaceara on the morning of the 20th ult. There is not much ordem in such occurrences, in spite of the motto of the republic.

—The details of the election frauds in Parana make us wonder how any serious man can feel that things have changed for the better under this so-called republic. There is no liberty in a country where an lionest election is impossible.

—There was convenient.

-There was some alarm in São Paulo the 28th ult. over a report that a suspicious case of illness had occurred among the imigrants arriving on the French steauer «Bearu.» Happily there was no cause for the

report.

—The good people of Mandos have held a public meeting to protest against the independence of Acre. They did not stone a consulate because there was none, but they telegraphed their protests to Rio and then went home half satisfied.

satisfied.

—The governor of Minas Geraes sauctioned the laud tax bill on the 2d inst. As before stated, it imposes a tax of one-half of one per eent on hand; autformly throughout the state. It likewise reduces the export tax on coffee from 11 to 9 per cent.

—The Folha do Norte has published a telegram saying that the Bolivian minister complained to President Campos Salles that the governors of Para and Amazonas had encouraged the declaration of the independence of the Rio Acre territory.

—A telegram of the 20h ult. from Maranhão

The Rio Acre territory.

—A telegram of the 29th ult. from Maranhão reports acts of vandalism committed by police authorities in some of the interior districts. It is stated that there is no scentrity for life or property and that the population is emigrating en masse. The town of Grajahú is said to be completely deserted.

—A telegram of the control.

completely deserted.

—A telegram of the 31st nlt. states that on that day Senator Generoso Ponce was attacked in one of the streets of Corumbá by one Ramon Waks Weske, who, it is added, was immediately lynched by an indignant mob. The assailant is said to have been an officer of the Legião Campos Salles.

—Vesterdav Deputy Montenegro submitted

Legião Campos Salles.

—Yesterday Deputy Montenegro submitted a bill to the chamber conceding a month's leave of absence to President Campos Salles, with permission to leave the country, and with a blank credit to cover all expenses. This means a return visit to President Roca, and confirms the report that it would be in October.
—Telegrams of the zud inst state that in Chyabá, in consequence of the lynching of an officer of the Legião Campos Salles, over 100 arrests have been made. Senator Generoso Ponce and ex-Gov. Antonio Cesario are reportato be aumong the prisoners. Many houses are said to have been forcibly entered and —The state assembly of Minas Geraes has

searched.

The state assembly of Minas Geraes has roted to suppress the normal school at Juiz de Fóra as a measure of economy. The school is attended by about 200 pupils. It may be assumed that the schools will be suppressed long hefore the subsidies and sinecures and jobs. The politician has very little use for public instruction.

public instruction.

—It is said that the agricultural clubs in some parts of São Paulo are preparing to present their own candidates in the next state policy, but it is an imperative policy if the planters wish to save the country from a great disaster. The political parasites who are now country have more than demonstrated their incapacity and nutrustworthiness.

—What is the good of the quarantine at

incapacity and untrustworthiness.

—What is the good of the quarantine at Ilha Grande if Brazilians themselves do not respect it. At São Paulo all immigrants are isolated five days after arrival at the hospedaria, notwithstauding the licence given them at Ilha Grande. The immigrants from the decarms were subjected to five days quarantine there, and those coming from el.ps. A plees are subjected to the same penalty, although the steamer touched at no Portuguese ports.

The Ritish government has established a

steamer touched at no Portuguese ports.

—The British government has established a consular agency at Corumbá, Matto Grosso, under the jurisdiction of the consulate general at Rio de Janeiro, and on recommendation of Consul General Wagstaff, Mr. Charles Coutts Cooper has been appointed consular agent at that place. We understand that consular officials will also be appointed for Victoria, Espirito Sauto, and for the interior state of Minas Geraes, both of them dependent on Rio de Janeiro.

Janeiro.

—The sconcentração republicanas party in Pernaubuco is about to start a newspaper organ of their own. The character of this party, which was created to support President Campos Salles against the party which elected him, can best be appreciated by stating that it includes such names as José Mariano, Martins Junior, Coelho Cintra and Barão de Lucena. Such a party can never achieve a permanent success, for it contains too many antagonistic elements.

RAILROAD NOTES

—Iu the first half of the present year the excess of traffic receipts over operating expenses on the Estrada de Ferro Nazareth was 64,5063207.

—The electric tramway company of São Paulo has placed an order for 130 electric trams with the J. G. Brill Company, of Philadelphia, Pa.

June and and t Gera over subjections the

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Santo a cat

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-A narrow-gauge railway between Rio and Santos is quite as necessary as a second tail on

For the year ending on the 3oth of last June the traffic receipts of the Julz de Fóru and Pian railway amounted to 298,953,220 and the operating expenses to 285,150,6618.

and the operating expenses to 285,1595618.

On the 2nd inst. the governor of Mins Geraes sanctioned a bill authorizing the taking over (encampage) of the Muxambinho railway. The latter is apparently misble to tanke anything out of the road, so it is to be unloaded upon the state.

upon the state.

—It cost the government 12,23;\$28• to advertise the lease of the S. Francisco and Sulde Pernambneo milways. The settlement is made in one payment through the Banco da Republica. We should like to see the particulars of that business, just for the pleasure of being able to measure the patriotism of those who are so warmly defending the government. ernment

enment.

—The traffic receipts of the Leopoldina railway for the week ended 26th August amounted
to 489,975,000, equivalent to £ 16,171. In the
corresponding week of 1898 the receipts were
d5,5505,000, which at the lower rate of exchauge then existing produced £ 14,245. The
total receipts from the 1st January to 26th
August were £ 44,395 as compared
with £ 350,406 in the like period of 1898, a diffetine of £ 8,508 against the current year which
is being rapidly reduced.

The traffic receipts of the Courteal Relation

is being rapidly reduced.

The traffic receipts of the Central Bahia railway were 108, 1415730 in the month of May, and 88,9025390 in June. The small receipts are due to the prolonged drouth which has paralysed the district through which the railway runs and the inland territory from which it is should draw a considerable portion of its supplies. The managers of the line have sunk water awards and the process of the water hands and the content of the sunk of the content of the sunk of the content of the sunk of the content of

SHIPPING NOTES

—The British squadron is to leave here on the 8th inst. for a visit to the north of Brazil, and may be expected back in Rio about the roth October.

Inth October.

—It is said that vessels having completed quaranthe at Ilha Grande, will have free pratique in Argentine ports. This is right, but it is a surprising concession from the sanitary eranks at Bueuos Aires.

—The La Veloee steamer Citta di Torino while leaving the bay at 1,30 a. m. to-day ran aground on the rocks near Fortaleza Lage and sprung a leak in the bows. At 3,30 a. m. she was got off and brought back to the bay where she will have to undergo repairs. The passengers and eargo were uninjured.

—The «Mardaleum» has been delayed at

—The «Magdaleua» has been delayed at Flores island, Montevideo, by the loss of two boats sent ashore there in compliance with sanitary regulations on the 3rd inst. A storm was raging and the boats were swept awny and were not recovered until the following day. Happily no lives were lost.

The Color of the month. Times, and to the month of the month. Times and the month of the month o

Buenos Aires,

—The "Sobraleuse," which runs between Liverpool and Pará, ealling at Portuguese ports, has been suffering quarnatine at Ilha Grande and expects to leave for Pará on the Sth inst. Think of having to come nearly three thousand miles south of her course to undergo six or seven days quarantine! Why could it not be done on the Amazon as well oschere?

as here?

—A mayal court was held on the 28th and 29th August at the British consulate general to investigate the circumstances attending the stranding of the s. s. «Nettletons on Maricás estanding of the sample of the other members being Lieutenant Bertram R. Clambers, R. N., of H. M. S. «Flora», Mr. G. Jenkiu, master of s. s. «Castanos», and the result of the enquiry was that the court found it uccessary to censure the master of the Nettleton for insufficient care in navigating his wessel, but the officers and crew were held to be free of blame. The court also expressed the opinion that the standard compass was not properly placed on board and recommended that this natter be further inquired into on the ship's arrival in the United Kingdom. The court also expressed the opinion that the admiralty variation chart should be eartied by all British vessels, and that the present chart of the approache to Rio should be extended to take in the Maricás islands on the east and Guaratiba islands on the west, deeming that the chart now used is not on a scale commensurate with the importance of the port and that its extension is likewise rendered desirable in view of the frequency of thick weather and the strength and nucertainty of the currents on this coast.

The repairs on the torpedo-cruiser Tripys were concluded on the 28th, and the vessel left the doeks on the 50th. She was immediately eleared for Balia, sailing on the 31st uit.

ntt.

—The passengers who left Rio ou the 2nd inst, by the «Ilevelius», for Buhia, Pernambuco and New York were as follows: Mrs. Maria E. Schmidt, Miss Florence F. Schmidt, Miss Florence F. Schmidt, Lieut, J. A. Shipton, Bishop Hendris, Miss Layona Glenn, Sisters Divina Coração, Angus Layona Glenn, Sisters Divina Coração, Angus Layona Glenn, Sisters Divina Coração, Arquis Lina and Coração Maria, Mr. Robert Clark and 13 third-class. Three first-class and 14 third-class passengers were also booked in transit.

—The Lamport & Holt liner «Hevelius».

class passengers were also booked in transit.

—The Lamport & Holt liner «Hevelins», which arrived in Rio on the 25th August from New York, Pernambroc and Babin, brought the following passengers: Miss Maria McNaughton, Mr and Mrs. Walter H. White, Messrs. Salvador de Mendonça and family. Thomas Borde, Morris Von Rouche. Albert Roche, Dr. Martinho Garcia, family and servant, Siris Macniyle. Adolpho Moreira, K. Betriguin, George Anderson, J. 8 Braga, George Rainey, R. Mengus, E. B. de Souza and 4 third-class. There were also 9 first-class and 11 third-class passengers in transit.

LOCAL NOTES

-The Jornal do Commercio says that Min-ister Bryan is leaving for Europe early this

—Owing to the heavy swells at the harbor entrance on the 29th ult., Fort Lage was completely inundated.

pletely numated.

—Debate on the revenue bill for 1900 was initiated in the chamber only yesterday, or at the beginning of the first extra session.

—In this city last week there were|several cases of military insubordination, in one of which an ensign was killed by a dranken soldier.

soldier.

—The Beethoven vase, the work of the Portugnese artist Bordallo Piuliciro, has been presented to President Campos Salles to be deposited in the Cattete palace.

—On the jist ult. President Campos Salles received Admiral Howison and the officers of the American ernisers «Chicagos and «Montiscumery,» who were presented to him by Minister Bryan.

—A friend of ours wants to know what we

— A friend of ours wants to know what we are coming to. The thieves have broken into his vegetable garden and have carried off some cabbages, and he thinks we must be somewhere near the end.

where near the end.

—The British legation at this capital has been advised that Her Majesty's government has resolved to nominate Commander Donglas Gambley and Captain Hugh Williams naval attachés to the legation here.

—If our sanitary authorities would clean up the city properly, it would afford us much better protection against the bubonic pest than the guns of Santa Cruz and the sham precantions of Ilha Grande.

—The police authorities have again removed.

cautious of Ilha Graude.

—The police authorities have again renewed their efforts to suppress gambling, especially the jogo do bicho. But the result is very doubtful, as not a few among the police officials are patrons of the industry.

—Quite a sensation has been caused by the alleged discovery of a conspiracy for presenting a false claimant to the estate of the late Visconde da Barra Mausa. The estate is said to amount to several thousand contos.

—The President received Commodore

The President received Commodore Groome and the officers of the British squadron now in this harbor, at the Cattete palace on the 29th ult. They were accompanied by Minister Phipps, who presented them to the President.

rrestoem.

—On last Saturday night the residence of the business manager of the Impensa was attacked by burglars. Some days before his watch dog had been tilled and he had received an anonymous letter warning him of the intended attack.

— Some days ago a police delegate eaused two prisoners to be tied together with a hand-kerehief. The chief of police has ordered him not to do it again. The delegate's defence is that he had to send the prisoners to a station and had only one policeman to guard them on the way.

the way.

On the 15th ult, the Brilish Medical Journal published a warning that the bubonic pest would certainly invade Europe unless concerted steps are taken at once to check it in Asia and Africa where it has been raging for the last five years. And the prediction has come true all too soon.

The prefects attention should be called.

eome true all too soon.

The prefect's attention should be called to the state of the enclosure about the Osorio statue, where the decoration rubbish has been thrown. To ask for five or six millions sterling to improve our sanitary condition, while overlooking such negligence, will reflect not a little on his sincerity.

Among the hearmythehoud

not a little on his sincerity.

— Among the homeward-bound passengers by the "Hevelius," which sailed on Saturday by the "Hevelius," which sailed on Saturday last, was Lient, James A. Shipton, U. S. A., military attaché to the United States legation at this capital. Lient. Shipton hopes to he assigned to active service on his arrival home, and may therefore not return to Brazil.

and may therefore not return to Brazil.

and may therefore not return to Brazil.

—The Methodist Episcopal Church (South) in this country possesses 11 churches valued at 375,500\$ and 4 pastor's residences valued at 75,500\$. It employs 11 missionaries, 10 missionaries, 10 missionaries, 10 missionaries, 10 misconaries, 10 misco

—It is said that the Rio das Caboclas, the little stream that runs down through the Laraujeiras valley, is to be walled in and a dambuilt at the top of the valley to hold back the water so that it can be used for flushing pur-

poses.

—In another column we print the results of the finals in the lawn tennis tournament. We have again to convey our congratulations to Mrs. Rolls on her victory in the ladies' singles. Mr. Percy Barry who won the gentlement's singles although heavily handicapped must also be congratulated on his splendid play which won the prize.

On making no nur last issue it was found

play which won the prize.

Ou making up our last issue it was found that we had a page and a half too much, and the result was that many items had to be left over. Our 12 pages will not hold the matter now offered for publication, but as hard times will not permit us to publish 16-pages just yet we must beg the indulgence of our readers for the omissions of news comments which naturally result.

The directors of the Societada Comments

—The directors of the Sociedade Comme-oriativa das Datas Nacionaes have wisely de-cided to relinquish the original intention of celebrating the 7th of September with costly festivities. At the present time the most pa-riotic way in which money can be spent in celebrating national holidays is to devote it to the relief of as much as possible of the saffer-ing caused by burdensome taxation.

—Automy the departures by the Legal 14 y result.

The directors of the Sociedade Comme

the relief of as much as possible of the sattering caused by burdensome traxiton.

—Among the departures by the 1. and H. str. effevelition on Satarday last was Miss Layona (fleun, who has been for several years in charge of the school work of the Methodist Church in this capital. Miss Gleun returns home for a year's rest, which she has more than earned, and which her many friends hope will bring her renewed health and energy for taking up the work mother year.

—Senator Pires Ferreira presented a bill to congress on the 22nd nit, for the creation four medals (each with four classes), which will be designated aBrazil, a Colombo, a Aviza and a Cruzeiro. The first will be given for services cendered to humanity, the second for services to science, instruction and art, the smate, however, has unfeelingly rejected the proposal.

—The many friends of Mrs. MacCartby.

proposal.

—The many friends of Mrs. MacCarthy, widow of the late Rev. Charles D. MacCarthy who died with yellow fever in Palmeiras in March last, has lost her little girl at her home in Ireland. The child, which was exceptionally bright and pretty, had an attack of inflammation of the brain and died in July. Mrs. MacCarthy will have the heartfelt sympathy of all her friends here in Brazil.

pathy of all her friends here in Brazil.

—The seociables given by the Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist Clurch on Friday evening last at the residence of Mrs. S. T. Longstreth, Rua Paysandú, in honor of Bislop Hendrix and Miss Glenn, was well attended and much enjoyed by all present. There were mosic and refreshments provided for the entertainment of the guests, who are once more indebtet to the cordial hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. Longstreth for an exceptionally enjoyable evening.

—The furniture and accessories of the two

and ans. Journal and accessories of the two palacetes occupied in Larangeiras by our Argentine visitors, will be sold at auction on the 8th inst. The furniture was leased to the government, says the Jornal, for 16,000, and the electric and gas illumination of the two places, during their occupation by our gnests, cost only 7,7125000. The Jornal, however, has nothing to say about those sik counterpanes, which were selected to match the langings of the rooms.

hangings of the rooms.

—The fornal says that the military banquet of 120 covers given by the minister of war to feneral Campos, cost only 90,8445. The temporary barrack at the Campo de S. Christova cost nothing, because the material belonged to the war arsenal and the transport does not out. It may also be presumed that the new uniforms provided for this special occasion do not enter into the account, nor the work done at the Campo entiting down trees, cutting grass and leveling the ground. To make the expense light, many such expenses can be charged to other services.

—all things considered, said Smalwyt,

expense light, many such expenses can be charged to other services.

—All things considered, said Smalwyt, after reading the format's comments on the remarkable cheapness of the festivities in honor of President Roca, sail things considered I am inclined to think that this ten days burst has really cost us nothing—perhaps less than nothing. To be sure there was money spent; but, you see, it had to be spent anyway, and so we just charge it to eventualities. The work on the streets and public gardens, the filluminations, the painting and decorating—all these can be placed on definite regular accounts. And so can uniforms, while transportation can be charged as girdas de custo. And I am not sure but what the champague might be handed over to the hydrographic bureau under the head of cops d'agua. Ou the other side, we had a partial cleaning up which was worth a little fortune to every one of us—providing we're in no hurry to realize on it."

BIRTH.

At «The Limes,» Carshalton, Surrey, on August 29th, the wife of Herbert L. Kirkman, of a daughter.

BISHOP HENDRIX.

Bishop E. R. Hendrix embarked last Saturday on the L. & H. str. «Hevelius» for New Brown after a visit of about six weeks in Brazil. Besides holding the annual conference at Petropolis and looking carefully into all the

interests and enterprises of the Methodist Cluurch in the states of Rio de Janeiro, São Paulo and Minas Geraes, he devoted special attention to the Twentieth Century Offering for the cause of education, and received for this purpose subscriptions amounting to more than 62,000,500.

The places visited were Rio de Jaueiro, Petropolis and Barra Mansa in the state of Rio de Juneiro; São Paulo, Piracicaba, Santa Barbara, Ribeirão Preto and Santa Rita ia São Paulo, and Juiz de Pora, S. Sebastião d'Estrella, Barbacem and Bello Horizonte in Minas Geraes.

rella, Barbacem and Belle Horizonte in Minas Genes.

The bishop is hopeful that at least roo, cooksoo may be contributed by the members and friends of the Methodist Church in Brazil to the cause of education before the close of the year 1900 contributed here and more to come from the United States will be spent in property and quipment for Graubery College at Juiz de Iroza and for other educations enterp ises of the church.

Subscriptions will be received by Rev. II. C. Tucker, as previously autoauced. In view of the generous support accordied to education in the United States and Great Britain, this country should not heistate to help on every undertaking of this description.

Business Notes

-The receipts of cotton at Rio de Janeiro ring the first half of 1899 were 85,398 bales.

—The minister of marine is inviting tenders for the purchase of the sunken vessels in this

Merchants should take note that it is proposed to double fines at the custom-house to year. Now is the time to protest, if at all

posed to double mies at the custom-rubes have year. Now is the time to protest, if at all.

— The deposits in the government savings bank (caixa economica) during August amounted to 2,1963,379800, and the withdrawals to 1,968,329\$911.

1,965,329911.

—The electric light company at S. Carlos do Pinhal, S. Paulo, has declared a dividend of 6\$000 for the half year, at the rate of 12 per

—It is proposed to levy a municipal tax of 8 per ceut, on the premiums of foreign fire insurance companies. The agents of those companies have protested against the proposed tax.

Lax.

It is said that the Italian str. «Citta di Torino» took 1,000 Italian colonists back to Italy, 600 from Santos and 200 from this port. Two lundred families are also leaving S. Paulo for Parana.

In São Paulo the official savings bank (caixa economica) received last month 1,386 deposits, amounting to 496,7505000. The withdrawals mumbered 1,003 and amounted to 66,16842.

366,168\$33.

—Manufacturers of artificial mineral waters say that they are already overburdened with taxation, and they consequently protest against the proposal to double the consumption tax on their products.

—In all probability our homeopathic minister of finance will not let up on us until he succeeds in putting revenue stamps on the very nails in our coffus. This is the style of free government he represents!

—Contractors will be interested to know that the government of the state of São Paulo has fixed its rate of exchange for September at 12d per unifreis, and all contracts between the state and railways will be signed on that basis.

—A Pard telegram of the 28th says that the contract for a steamship service between that city and the River Plate, for transporting cattle, has come to grief. We are not at all surprised. The Pará anthorities should deal with persons who have capital to execute such a contract.

— At the petition of Dr. Eduardo Prado the Companhia Balnearia do Guarujá, which has been running a hotel and bathing establishment on the island of Santo Amaro, near Santos, has been declared bankrupt and the property has passed under the control of trustees (syndicos).

We advise business men to think well before accepting the new burdens with which it is proposed to saddle thein. Some of them loope, perhaps, to shift the burdens to the shoulders of their customers; but reduced sales and slow collections ought to convince them that the greater part of the public is unable to pay higher prices.

pay inginer prices.

—It is said that certain sea beaches in the state of Espirito Santo were to have been leased to private parties without the necessary permission of the general government, and that the sands are similar to those of Prado, in Babia. The minister of finance proposes to lease no beaches of this character in future without securing something for the treasury.

There has been published the following statement of the receipts of various food products at Rio de Janeiro for the 1st half of the present year:

present year:			Brazilian	Foreign
Rice,	kilo	s	883, 326	28,124,052
Indian corn,	n		18,313,475	4,825,877
Beans,	33		18,534,252	1,637,733
Onions,	n		4,335,360	306,110 18,692,603
Xarque.	19		233,657	10,092,003
Bacon and sal			1,553,212	839,907
pork,	*	• •	10001	1,678,149
Lard,	10		1,569,294	473,61
Butter.	30		50, 360	4/3,01

— The budget committee of the chamber of deputies has framed new regulations for collecting the consumption taxes. The proposed schedule embraces, in addition to merchandise already subject to these taxes, hats, umbrellas, gunny bags, bagging and all kinds of cotton and woolen fabrics. Among the food products thus taxed, in addition to cumed goods, are hauss, sansages, several other kinds of cured meats and pickled vegetables, meats and fruits. When put up in time, bottles or boxes, these products pay from 50 to 200 reis per package; when put up in casaks, from 100 to 200 reis per kilo. The taxes on cotton fabrics vary from 20 to 200 reis per kilo and those on woolen fabrics from 50 to 200 reis each; on last from 100 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 reis to 25000 each; on blankets, ponchos, clc., from 50 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 reis to 25000 each; on blankets, ponchos, clc., from 50 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 reis to 2500 each; on blankets, ponchos, clc., from 50 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 reis to 2500 each; on blankets, ponchos, clc., from 50 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 reis to 2500 each; on blankets, ponchos, clc., from 50 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 reis to 2500 each; on blankets, ponchos, clc., from 50 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 reis to 2500 each; on blankets, ponchos, clc., from 50 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 reis to 2500 each; on blankets, ponchos, clc., from 50 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 reis to 2500 each; on blankets, ponchos, clc., from 50 to 300 reis each; on last from 100 reis to 2500 ea

)I LIIC	preactite your .	
From	Great Britain	38,753,459\$645
33	Germany	11,512,400,723
υ	France	10,292,472\$409
)1	the United States	9,665,121\$342
n	Argentina	8,508,931\$370
n	Uruguay	7,591,182\$703
W	Portugal	5,998,613\$732
n	Belgium	3,735,791\$694
n	Italy	2,261,246\$578
	Spain	878.786\$603
h	Chili	537,290\$450
n n	Austria	320,913,407
u	Sweden	123,710\$400
u	Switzerland	66,250,649
u »	other countries	62,491\$859
,,	Other commencer	
	Total (mil reis)	100,308,662\$454

FINANCIAL NOTES

The cost of building the Juiz de Fóra custom-house was 1,136,689\$272.

The federal custom house at Bahia showed a sight improvement in August, the receipts being 961,774\$711, against \$15,014\$781 in the same month of last year.

same month of last year.

—It is stated that the governor of Pará has borrowed 6,000,0005 from one of the local banks, the money to be used for waterworks at the capital of the state.

—The budget committee of the chamber of deputies recommends the following taxes on passengers leaving Brazilian ports:—1st-class, 30\$; 2nd-class, 20\$; 3rd-class, 55.

—The budget committee of the chamber of deputies proposes to increase the import duty on rice and beans from 40 to 60 reis per kilo and on Indian corn from 20 to 30 reis per kilo.

—The President has asked congress for a supplementary credit of 27,000\$ for the fire brigade for the current year. It would seem that congress underestimated a majority of the expenditures.

expenditures.

—Among the amendments accepted by the budget commission is one authorizing the government to issue another 20,000,000\$ in nickel coins. This looks like substituting nickel inflation for paper.

flation for paper.

— It is estimated that it will cost 1,500,000% to supervise next year the collection of consumption taxes. Would it not be much better to spend this money on the development of the resources of the country?

—Telegrams of the 2nd inst. state that the financial situation in Bahia is extremely critical. Police and public employés are unpaid and depositors are mable to withdraw their money from the government savings bank.

their money from the government savings bank.

On Saturday last 2,000,000\$, of currency were burned at the custom-house in accordance with the provisions of the funding loan. This makes an aggregate of 45,000,000\$, which is said to be the full amount required to be burned this year.

—The state revenue office at Bahia (recebedoria) collected only 369,650\$432 last month, or 240,534\$669 less than in the same month of last year. As this office collects the state export duties, it will be seen that Bahia is doing very badly this year.

—We are pleased to learn that it is expected that 40,000\$ per annum will be saved by the new orders regulating unlitary salutes. If the government will only take the poins to investigate, it will find, we are convinced, that money can be saved in nearly every branch of the public service.

—Among the appropriations for the department of

noney can be saved in nearly every branch of the public service.

—Among the appropriations for the department of foreign affairs in the present budget is that of 80,000\$ for travelling expenses (ajudas de custo). Up to the 4th ult. the government had spent all of this sum except 8,084,667 and it is now asking for a deficiency appropriation of 50,000\$ in gold.
—According to an official statement the total amount of paper money in circulation on July 31st was 740,764,141\$000. The decrease in the month of July was 10,000,000\$ by burning according to the provisions of the funding loan and 26,730\$ from discounts on notes presented for substitution. The total decrease since January 1st is 45,177,617\$000.

—The Pianthy budget for the coming year estimates the revenue receipts at 810,281\$443 and fixes the expenditures at 797,791\$. The deputies to the next state assembly will receive 15\$000 a day. The salary of the governor is fixed at 12,000\$\$ a year, with 4,000\$ for installation expenses and 4,000\$\$ a year for expenses of entertainment.

the same of the sa

A 2 34

The cost of rations for the fire corps of Rio de Janeiro had been estimated in the budget at 1500 each per diem; but the government reports that their actual cost is 15400 each. Consequently a deficiency appropriation of 22,000\$ is required. There is, moreover, required a deficiency appropriation of 5,000\$ for lighting the barracks of the corps.

—We see that the manufacture of nickel coins is still going on at the minut, the output in August amounting to 94,0000\$ But this reminds us that the government has a contract for the manufacture of 20,000,000\$ worth abroad, in coins of three denominations and of half the size of those now in circulation. If these are to be issued soon, why should the government continue to issue the larger coins? Why not begin issuing the new coins?

—Later advices from Balia confirm and accentuate the crisis there. Nearly all the public departments are unpaid, and the merchants who have made advances to the police force are nuable to collect what is due them. It is said that the acting governor has made efforts in various directions to borrow money, but without success. Just now, it would appear that there jis an unconfortable degree of sconcentração in financial circles.

COMMERCIAL.

Rio de Janeiro, Sept.	5th. 1899.
Par value of the Brazilian milreis (1\$000),	27 1.
ilo of the Brazilian utilreis (1\$000) in H. S. coin at \$4.86,65 per £	
do \$1.00 (U. S. coiu) Brazilian gold. do of £1 stg. in Brazilian gold	54 75 1\$827 cts 8 890
Bank rate of exchange, official, on London to-day	7 % d.
Present value of the Brazilian mil reis (gold)	3\$428
	292 rs. gold
Present value of the Brazilian uil reis in U. S. coin at \$4.50 per .6	15. 75 €.
Value of \$1.co (\$1.80 per £ 1, str. in Biaxilian currency (juner)	6\$349 30\$470
villae of & 1 sterring if	

EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE.

Aug. 78.—The hank rate was again 715/fed, on Ion don as in the previous week. The 115/12 for conditions of the day were in lank bits and only buy private from the banks of the day were in lank bits and only buy private partial for the banks it was a straight with the outside of the banks it was ing fallen to the official standard of the day, the banks hought in private paper about there was very little citizeness of the paper and there was very little citizeness of the paper and there was very little citizeness of the paper and there was very little citizeness of the paper and the paper

junik falls at the official tale of the day and private paper at \$3.4 with buyers outskie of the barkers of \$7.34 g.d. The paper mitrels was again 294 cells gold in value in the official hank sale of the day was again 194 falls of the day was gold in value in the official hank sale of the day was gold in the whole day may be said to have been transactorate of the too holds with hand with freedom and at others with conditions, against private paper at \$7.34 g.d. or prompt aml \$6.1 or time. The transactions were of intelligent to the paper at \$7.34 g.d. or prompt aml \$6.1 or time. The transactions were of intelligent to the paper at \$7.34 g.d. or prompt aml \$6.1 or time. The transactions were of intelligent to the paper at \$7.34 g.d. or prompt aml \$6.1 or time. The transactions were of the paper at \$7.34 g.d. or prompt and \$7.34 g.d. or prompt and \$7.34 g.d. or prompt and \$7.34 g.d. or \$

follows:	1899	1898
Loudou, per inlireis Paris, per franc Hamburg, per mark Italy, per lira New York, per dollar	7 % d. 1\$211 1\$495—1\$500 1\$147—1\$170	7 7/16—7 15/32 d. 1\$277—1\$282 1\$577—1\$383 1\$222—1\$247 6\$703—6\$760

BRASILIANISCHE BANK FÜR DEUTSCHLAND BALANCE SHEET, 31ST AUGUST, 1899. Assels:

		100,753,494	\$53
	Sundry accounts	6,224,739	20
	demestics pledged and on deposit		-6
	Deposits with fixed maintily	22,668,271	12
	Head office and branches &c	13,675,168	22
Ġ	Without interest	23, 214,647	421
U	With interest	13,426,545	100
ı	Deposits in account current : With interest	11 550 121	TOO
ı	Capital subscribed (1 mark = 1\$000)	10,000,000,	,
ľ		10 000 000	ecor.
ŀ	Liabilities:	107.7.	
		100.759.494	\$538
ı			_
Į	Cash, in current funds	27,402,423	
ı	Securities pledged	12,494,284	pho
ı	do pledged	7,567,503	
ł	do discounted	2,606,483	
ı	Bills receivable	17,655,168	414

THE BRITISH BANK OF SOUTH AMERICA, LIMITED.

,	
Capital 50,000 shares at £20 £1 do paid up Reserve Fund	,000,000 500,000 320,000
BALANCE SHEET, 3:ST AUGUST,	1899.
, 1ssets:	
anital, uncalled ills discounted onus, guaranteel accounts, etc lead office and branches	1,309,323 53

Securities for fourty merorans and	8,526,424 860
etc	
Sundry accounts	4.534.343 620
Cash	
Casa	O. Onefine
	44,484,890\$070
Liabilities:	
	8,888,888\$880
Capital	Ojobojosty
Deposits in account current, without	
terest	
do in account current, with no	tice 2,911,493 370
do in account current, with no	
do fixed maturity and by bills.	
stead office and branches	11,945,040 000
Securities pledged and on deposit	
Securities pietiged and on deposition	2,840,200 710
Bills deposited	
do navable	447,100 100
Sundry accounts	4,952,349 890
Suitary accounts	
\$40.00	44,484,890\$070
	44,404,0903070
** * O T	

F. & O. E. Rio de Janeiro, 4th September, 1899. For the British Bank of South America, Limited, E. P. de Saone, Actg. Manager, Frank Dolld, Actg. Accountant.

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK, LIMITED. Established in 1862

SHALANCE SHERT OF THE RIO BRANCH. 31ST AUGUST 1899.

Assets:	
Bills discounted. Bills receivable. Loans, guaranteed accounts, etc. Sundry accounts. Securities for loans, guaranteed afes etc. do deposited. Cash	8,007,918\$600 5,1\$0,179,540 6,306,569,140 2,444,786,570 12,565,555,720 11,291,145,830 11,575,826,150
Linhilities :	63,375,981\$550

	. Liabilities.		
	Declared capital of this branch, Deposits, fixed maturity and with notice do without interest. Sundry accounts. Securities pledged and on deposit Bills payable. Head office, agencies and branches.	9,459,756 710	
5		63,375,981\$550	

H. & O. I.

Kio de Jaueiro, 4th September, 1899.

For the London and River Plate Bank, Limited,

Havilland A. DeLide, Manager.

C. II. Lloyd, Acting Accountant.

LONDON AND BRAZILIAN BANK, LIMITED

Capital.		1,500,000
do t	aid up	750,000
Reserve	Fund	
HALANCE	SHRET, 31ST AUG	usr, 1899.

2133663.		
Capital, uncalled. Bills discounted. Bills discounted. Beat office and branches. Joans, current accounts, etc. Securities for accounts entrent, etc. Sundry accounts.	4,591,937 810 3,148,560 000 1,705,029 780	

Liabilities:	
Capital subscribed Deposits in account current, without in	13,333,333\$330
do in account current, with interest	8,558,481 890
Head office and branches Securities for accounts current, etc	3,148,560 000
Empley accounts	12,968,157 660
Bills payable	1511/0 190

E. & O. E.

Rio de Jaueiro, 2nd September, 1899.

For the London and Brazilian Bank, Limited,
F. Broad, Acig. Mauager.

A. G. C. Bluke, Acig. Accountant.

Rio de Janeiro, 5th September, 1899.

Exports.

Exports.

Coffee.—The declared sales of the week ended August 26 amounted to 83,000 bags. The entires for the same was the same of the

ISeptember 5th 1899

Ingelief on bases of stoo and stage for No. 7 type. The shippers offered very low rates not withstanding the washings of the more year and the packers being scouraged yielded in many instances, so that 20,000 bags were disposed of at rates varying from 5000 to 4500 for No. 7 type during the slay, but at the control of the packers of the packer of the packer of the packer of the packers o

	bags	for the	United States
28,870	11	11	Europe
6,930	11	11	Cane of Good Hone
3,563	11	11	River Plate, etc.
13,530	1+	**	Constwisc
102 717			

The following ships sailed with coffee last week:

United States:	
Catala Othica	bags.
Aug. 28 New York Br. str. Rellarden Sept. 1 Haltimore Amer. lug. Frances 2 New York Belg. str. Hevelins	47,048 8,500 26,935
2 Baltimore Amer. bk. Inlia Rollins	13,394
Harope:	
Aug. 36 Hamburg Germ. str. Palagania. 31 Harve Pott. str. Avia & Poringal Sept. 1 Bordeaux Fr. str. Brêsil Philippeville do Oran do Algiers Mostganeum do Mostganeum	5.76; 1.150 500 1.25 750 1.25 1.25 9.697 7.547 1.25
Cape:	
Sept. 1 Cape-Town Nor. hk, Anstail	6,930
Sept. 30 River Plate Br. str. Magdalena 31 do Fr. str. Les Amles	1, 129 1,043
Coastroise:	
Northern ports	1,613 661
The receipts for the past week were 106,97; against 110,929 hags for the previous week am	bags.

against 110,929 hags for the previous week and 91,5,4 bags for the week before.

Brokers' quotations, according to New-York types

the following	Sept. 2	Aug. 26
No. 6	95400	91600
7	000	9 200 8 000
8	8 700	e 600

9... 8 400
The stock in all hands was estimated this morning at 146,943 haps, against 146,696 bags a week ago. The Santos stock is reported at 1,109,680 bags.

The shipments of coffee during the mouth of August

amounted to 392,563 pags, with the tions:	TOTTOWING V	
United States :		bugs.
New York	154,800	ung or
Bultimore	30, 348	
New Orleans	20,153	
ttavana	1,000	
ttavana		206, 01
Europe :		
Hamburg	31,326	
Genoa	22,433	
Triestc	15.653	
Morseilles	15.091	
Autwerp	6.457	
Bordeaux	3,878	
Loudou	3.376	
lluvre	3,280	
Southampton	2.251	
Ilremen	1,337	
Copenhagen	383	
Alexandria	250	
Liverpool	20	
		105,765
Other countries:		
Cane of Good Hope	38,370	
River Plate	13,386	
Valparaiso	245	
Punta Arenas	. 18	
		52,019
Coastwise:		
Northern ports	24,029	
Southern ports	4.449	25,418
		25,415
Total		392,563
And by the following exporter	s:	bags.

Total	392,303
And by the following exporters:	
	bags.
rlnickle Brothers	66,810
	41,574
	31,989
	21,310
	18,192
	18,166
	17,700
v. F. McLaughlin & Co	16,000
ustav Trinks & Co	14,089
S. Nicolson & Co	12,185
Samuanu, Gepp & Co	11,100
аншани, берр & со	10,252
evering & Co	9,956
karl Krische	0.560
retz & Co	9,381
lenha, Ramos & Co	9,363
Roberto do Couto & Co	8,600
heodor Wille & Co	7,795
Ineodor Wille & Co	7,745
	7,268
Pierre Pradez & Co	7,157
Rich. Riemer & Co	7,106
	6,650
	3,365
	3,307
	3,231
	3,219
	3,160
	2,350
	1,327
	625
	577
	577
	300
Sundry	354
	-6.46
Total	362,56

September 5th, 1899.]	THE RIO Arrivals of foreign steamers. Aug. 29.
The movement is the coffee market during the	Indian Corn.—There were no receiptes have been the control of the
Fatries ;	Hina.—No receipts. The demand on the work of the many sport of the
Rallway	Plate. The large stock on launds has been the cause Plate. The large stock on launds has been the cause Plate. The large stock on launds has been the cause of a full uprices, which now run from 175 to 180 reis
In transit	Caal.—The following vessel arrived with coal last 30 Scottish P. N. York 28 ds. Grant State 1 As. Scottish P. Scottish P. State 1 As. Scottish P. Scot
Total	Meeks: 3 Paraginasis Santos (7 lbs. 15 lbs. 1
Europe Good Hope 28,500 27,180 51,121 Cape of Good Hope 18,287 13,308 24,032 18,287 13,308 26,815	Reum.—With an average amply prices, as will be there has been but filter chelow. It is a sunface of the sunface
Constwise. 27,210 4,4,549 70411 769,682 523,060 670,978	Permatuko and Macció. 2805000—2855000 2 Ligaria Valuarius 12 (8) Wissin Audot 2
Duily receipts and shipments of coffee at	Campos
Rio de Janeiro	THEO 40 CARGO 200 do do
Receipts Shipments Shipments Shipments Shipments Shipments Shipments Shipments Shipments Stock Average q per arriv Do d Average q per arriv Average q per arriv Stock Average q per arriv Stock Average q per arriv Stock	SHIPPING NEWS.
ope cr Plice ope cr Plice ope do pot coba do pot rein irei	APPUIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS. ASS. Mageilau Ven Vork Vork Vork States Ven Vork Vork States Ven Vork Vork Vork Vork Vork Vork Vork Vork
ipits	AUGUST 31. Augustalema River Plate do 20 deb, Saneamento do Rio
bags States	As humber to order. 31 Ser Philadelphia Buenos Ayre Bullast Bullast 30 Commercio 113
¥ 5 #	DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS. Bresil Bresil Bresil Buchos Ayres Ballast. 29 do 188 Castanos Liverscools
::::: 8:: 8	AUGUST 30. 21. ignria 247
Aug. 28 9,686 11,986 11,490 11,490 11,799 61,855 348,917 9,820 88900 5 %4 6 7 151,64 40 6 49,45	ballast. Dell'exclius New York New York About About New York About About New York About Ab
8 9 5.	SEPTEMBER 1 September 1 Superior September 2 Superior September 3 Superior September
Aug. 29 18,765 11,276 17,134 5,350 25,340 343,042 9\$2,00 8\$900 543,040 4,56 4,56 4,65 9\$7,940	BALTIMORE. – Amer. lug. Frances; 64 tous; Erick sou; Calling* at intermediate ports. Coffee. 20 Apolices, 58
Aug. 18.6 20.3 3.4 2.7 2.3 4.7 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9 2.9	CARETOWN.—Nor. ins. Amana, 30 control of coffee. TALTAL.—Br. sp. Cology; 4,360 tons; Hughes; ballast. Rio de Janeiro, September 3rd 1899. To do (reg.)
30 355 468 468 150 150 1545 156 40 c	SEPT: ;
15,718 15,718 9,943 14,963 14,965 32,567 33,565 9,9100 8,850c. 5,846 40,6. 5,846 1,010,736	Darks contect Barrandos — Br. bk. Endora : Lito tons: Lewis Barrandos — Br. bk. Endora : Lito tons: Lewis 350 Lavoura e Commercio. 135 50a
Aug 30 6 . a. 393	national.
6.97 6.97 6.97 6.97 6.97 6.97 6.478 8.478 1.565	FREIGHTS. British 23 Rural e Hypothecario 126
Sept. 1 19.257 19.257 2.013 2.013 2.013 2.013 2.013 2.014 6.0 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00 2.00	Of cones. Of c
5.640 5.	MARSKILLES. 3 -30 fraues and 10 % primage per ton of 1,000 kilos. Sept. 1.
14.846 976 4.915 791 1.350 8.032 352.140 98000 887000 887000 5 56.6. 7 76 d.	SOUTHAMPTON ton of 1,000 kilos.
51	ANTWERP. 1-30 shillings and 5 % primage per 1.50 Aug. 14 Itamburg. To order 100 do 1095. 1,010
34.133 6.081 6.987 79 79 15.329	HAVRE. { primage per ton of 900 kilos. } 25 deb. Sorocabana Human R. R
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	BORDEAUX. \$\frac{1}{25}\text{ ton of 500 kHoS.} \frac{1455000}{1-35} shillings and 5 0/6 primage per 1403 Aug. 5 Saigon N. Megaw C. 25 Mercantil de Santos
E July 1 S44,510 \$44,510 \$44,510 \$51,120 24,883 \$2,338 686,307	VALEARAISO. 5 shiffings and 5 % primage per Miscellaneous. VALEARAISO. 5 ton, of 1,000 kilos. 225000
Toports.	MONTRYIDEO. 1 -35000 per bag of collee. BURNOS AIRES. 1 - 25000 per bag of collee. Sp. Alster. 293 Aug. 6 Carbliff Braz. Coal C. 400 do 40 400 do 7500 7500 7500 7500 7500 7500 7500 750
Imports. Flour.—The arrivals during the past week 1,000 bags ex Ulna from the River Plate, and 55 rels from New York ex Livon no. The market is from New heen maintained. Those of	were that ENGAGEMENTS. SET. 2. Sept. 2. Appliers 55
	GRNDA-11.dat of Galliera 2,975 flo do 2,500\$(certificates) at tack of St.
Richmond 1st 315000—375000	GENOA.—IL Str. Properation 125 do no M dell'Orts \$\$\frac{1}{2}\text{May}\$ of More order 1 do 7,500 \text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\text{\$\frac{1}\text{\$\frac{1}\text{\$\frac{1}\text{\$\frac{1}\$\frac{
Baltimore 181	BURNOS AVRIS.—II. SIT. Ducca di Generalia do bis Urazia 703 31 Pensatola 703 31 Pensatola 168 65 Emprestimo Municipal 168 65 Emprestimo Municipal 703 deb. Sorocabana Itanana R. R. 70 deb. Sorocabana Itanana R. R. 70
River Plate	. The LONDON Br. str. Magnus 3,825 do do Norwegian Bank. 1888000
60\$000 per tub, and Norwegian 69\$000 to 70\$00 case. Lard.—From New York the Scottish Prince by	too per C. OF Good HOPE, and An Appearance A
case. Lard.—From New York the Scottish Prince by 7,000 kegs and 450 cases, and the Livorno 500 ke, 300 cases. The market, which has been frun least weeks with increased prices of firmer last week with increased prices for American land unow rules from 1700 to	OF the BORDEAUX.—Fr. Str. La Fada SATURDAYS QUOTATIONS—S. PAULO.
per pound wholesate. Antive link. Pork.—Navivals. There is a steady deu the market. The wholesale price for America is from 1838 of 1850 per pound in large loi \$550 to \$500 per kilo wholesale. \$250 to \$500 per kilo wholesale. \$260.—The Alice brought 3483 \$460.—The first to the large to the united in the procedin was well maintained in splic of the procedin was well maintained in splic of the procedin was well and the splic of the procedin the splice of the procedin splice of the splic	hand in an in pork is, and Astioch. New York Rangoon Ask Adelina
1500 to 15200 per kilo wholesale. **Rice.**—The Alice brought 34.884 bags from The firm tone of the market in the preceding the	Aslarys Portiand Saigon, Birnam Wood Baltimore Baltimore 23 July Birnam Wood Signer Signer Baltimore 23 July Fernance Baltimore Pensacola Fernance Baltimore Pens
was well maintained in spite of the large of was well maintained in spite of the large of First quality Rangoon rice is quoted at 20500 of 60 kilos, second quality at 19500, and a gri	Ribertal Precise Radius
of 60 kilos, seconta quanty as 37,500. **Pite h Pine — The Grazia brought 5:8,740 fe Pensacoia, sold to arrive, and the present pric market is \$2000. — The receipts last week w The satill only a small demand, and the price continues to be 20 relis per foot, source Pine. — No arrivals. Small sa	D. Julia D. Julia Cardiff 7 June Safes of Science Unito de S. Paulo (70\$) 31 000 29 000
White Pine.—The receipts last week we There is still only a small demand, and the price continues to be 240 rels per foot. Sprang Pine.—No arrivals. Small sa	
nominal prices. Swedish Pine.—There have been no new and the same duliness that has prevailed fo	arrivals, or weeks Harvest Queeu
still continues. **Erosene.**—The receipts of the past we 21,000 cases from New York ex Scallish Print market, although heavily stocked, is firm at	Hamburg
attil continues. **Errosene.**—The receipts of the past we ** **Errosene.**—The very vive ** Sociatio Prior vive ** **Incor cases from **Errose vive ** **Incor cases from **Incor vive ** **Errose vive **Incor vive ** **Errose vive ** **Incor cases from **Incor vive ** **Incor cases from **Incor vive ** **Incor cases from **Incor vive ** **Incor cases from **New York ex ** **Errose vive ** **Incor cases from **New York ex ** **Errose vive ** **E	The rul
York, There is a steady market. Dark grac 208000 per barrel, and light grades at 268000 p Turpentine.—The arrivals last week w	der self at Lodds
Tarpentine.—The arrivals last week in cases from New York ex Scatish Prince. It good demand and from 1\$450 to 1\$500 per kilo obtained. —The Bisru brought to barrels Comment.—The Bisru brought to barrels Quincil and the Prince of the Prince	
good demand and unit agreement agreement of the control of the con	werty true Premier Pre
16000 to 17000 per barrel for Reigian cet. from 20000 to 20000 per barrel for English.	ment. and Super
	9 1

4 .

Action 100 at 100

Stocks and Bonds and Joint Stock Companies --- September 4th.

	Stocks and Bonds and Joint Stock companies September 4th.							O L II I L J		
-	Emission	Cir	culation	1	Public Funds			Nominal Value	Last Quotation buyers sellers	(Bra
	393,438,800\$ 164,987,000	_	262,137,500\$ 104,556,000	St	ock 5 % enirency (apolitets). och of 1895 6 %, conservered 1896 6 % old Long, 1886 6 % 6 % old 1896 4 % 6 % old 1896 6 6 %			1,000\$ 800\$, 200\$ 1,000 1,000	878\$000 NN0\$000 882 000 884 000 995 000	RIO I
	119,600	1	124,655,000	SI B	do 1897, 6 %			1,000\$ 800\$, 200 1,000\$ 800\$, 200 1,000\$, 500	-2,120 000	142, RUA VIS
	30,000,000 51,885,000		11,584, 500 24,679,000 18,350, 000	D	old Loau, 1868, 6 %			1,000\$, 500 1,000 Fcs. 500	-1,800 000 -1,835 000	
•	Fcs. 17,500,000	Fcs.	13,193,000 4,533,200	S	idem 6 %			1,000\$, 500\$, 200 1,000 200 Fcs, 500	— 730 000 — 890 000	_
	Fcs. 65,000,000	Fcs.	45,522,000 4,000,000 600,000		idem 5%			500 1,000 1000	440 000 920 000	FRANCIS
	10,000,000 25,000,000 2,500,000		23, 239,800	1	of Pernambuco, 6 %	6 %.		200 100 200	167 000- 168 000 - 170 000	Beer in barrels
	520,000 400,000		520,000 400,000		do do do Petropolis, 7 % do do do Alem Parahyba	, 7 %		200	Last quotation	Makes u specia
-	Capital	Shares	Emilted	Par	Banks	aid -	Reserve Fund	Last Dividend		taining 4 dozen b the interior.
	20,000,000\$ 16,000,000	100,000 80,000	94,090 60,000 20,000	200\$ 0 200	ommercial do Rio de Janeiro ommercio do 2nd series onstructor do Brazil	200\$ 200 So	3,170,000	8\$000, July 1899 8 000, ditto 1899 3\$200, ditto 1899 45000, Aug. 1892	219\$000 218 000 222 000 83 000 86\$000 19 000 14 000	GEORGE
	24,000,000	120,000 80,000 40,000	all 77.2551/2 all all	200 200 200	constructor do Brazil redito Movel Credito Real do Brazil Depositos e Descontos	200 200 200	1,645,009 1,742,000 803,079	2\$000, Jan. 1896	77 000-] ,
	8,000,000 5,000,000 750,000 8,000,000	25,000 15,000 40,000	all all	50	Innetherario de Bravil	50 100 200	625,000 68,660 280,317 1,019,797	35000, ditto 1899 45000, ditto 1899 65000, dilto 1899	40 000 46 000 108 000 112 000	
	10,000,000 5,000,000	25,000 517,217	all all all	200 200 200	Avoura e Commercio Nacional Brazileiro Republica do Brazil	200 200 200	200,000 16,784,351 368,700	10\$000, ditto 1899 6\$000, ditto 1899 6\$000, ditto 1899	182 000— 187 000— 188 000 103 000— — 20 000	Yo travelle
	20,000,000	100,000	50,000 a1l	200 200 200	kio e Matto Grosso	.10 200 100	8,205,363	95000, ditto 1899 48500, ditto 1899	245 000— 125 000—	No traveller
	20,000,000	100,000 50,000 35,000	all all all	200	Com. e Industria de S. Panto	100 100 200	2,185,326 6.000,000 283,800	11 % ditto 1898 12 500, ditto 1899 12 % ditto 1899 ditto 1899	190 000—	of Nectandra A
	7,500,000	37,500	14,075	200	do 2nd series	140 200 60 200	1,116,384	S ⁰ l ₀ ditto 1899 ditto ditto	- 125 000 12 000 100 000	very handy in any other disas
	25,000,000	 125,000 25,000	12,500 all all	200 200	do commercial section Lavradores S. Paulo Mercantil de Santos	So 200 200	400,000 800,000 605,000	12 ° ₀ ditto 1895 83000, ditto 1899 78500, Ian. 1895	145 000-	or intestines, s
	5,000.000 10,000,000 40,000,000	200,000	25,000 112,571 162	200 200	S. Paulo	200 120 140	695,000 629,855	do d		by a prospecti Portuguese, En
	=	=	7,267 80,000	= 1	do	80		do do do		its use among
	Capital	Shares	Emilled	Par	Railways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation	sale at all Drud
	110,000,000\$	550,000 500,000	all all	200\$ 100	Leopoldina	200\$ 100 10	36,672\$		6\$000— 25 000—26\$000	Pedro, 1st floor
	5,000,000 12,000,000 20,000,000	60,000	all all	200	Macalié e Campos	200 100 100	65,000	! .≡ !	l	THE NEW
	62,000,000	310,000	33,525 266,475	do 200 do do	do	200 75 20	2,901,489	int. Sept. 93	13 000— 5 500—	BABCOCK
	10,000,000	100,000	10,000 all all	100 do 200	Quilombodo	100 80 200	1,463,242	int. Jan. 92 6 % June, 92	36 000 42 000	Water Tu
	1,600,000	350,000 8,000	5.400 all	200	União Valenciana Supucahy Tocantins e Aragnaya	200 200	45,710 583.378	6\$500, Feb. 86 int. Jan. 92	2 250- 2 750	Rio de Jane
	42,000,000 12,500,000	62,500 —	all —	200 do	Tocantins e Aragnayado	50			4 250-	RUA 1
•	Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Tramways	Paid	Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation	
-	2,500,000\$ 6,000,000	25,000 30,000	all all	100\$	Carioca Carris Urbanos Corcovado (and Holel)	100 200 100	165,687		80\$000 155\$000	Caldeiras de
	700,000	70,000 70,000 60,000	all 59,300 all	100 200 200	Iardin Botanico	200	559,174	1\$500. July 91 2 300, ditto 99 5 000, July 99 8 000, July 91 4 500, Aug. 99	159 000161 000 175 000178 000	=======================================
	12,000,000 3,000,000 800,000	15,000 8,000	all all	100	Š. Chrislovão Villa Izabel Pernambuco	100	30,999	4 500, Aug. 99	-120 000	
	Capital	Shares	Emitted	Par	Steamships	Paid	d Keserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation	CASA
	1,000,000	5,000 140,000	all all	200 200	Esperança Maritima Lloyd Brazileiro Navegação Costeira S. João da Barra e Campos	200	0	10\$000, July 99	100\$000 5 000	
	5 000,000 673,400 1,000,000	25,000 3,367 5,000	all ail 2,75	200 200 200	S. João da Barra e Campos Sul Paulista	. 20 . S		10 000, Aug. 99	<u> </u>	Having con
	Capital	Shares	Emitted	d Par	Cotton Mitls, etc.	Par	d Reserve fund	Last Dividend	Last quotation	FINE /
	10,000,000\$	50,0005	a11 a11	200	Alliança. America Fabril.	20	837.530\$ 104,654	— July 99 78000— Ang. 96 — July 99 — ditto 99	160\$000— 172\$000 60\$000—	and retail CAN a line of CANI
	2,400,000 500,000 6,000,000	12,000 2,500 30,000 18,000	all all	200 200 200 200	Botafogo (aniagem)	20	55,142 50 150,600 54,294		- 250 000 146 000- - 202 000 146 000-	and at prices the
	3,600,000 6,000,000 4,500,000	30,000	all	200 200	Carioca Confança Industrial. Corcovado iden		25,504	10 000— ditto 99 — ditto 99	#52 000— T58 000	"WATER WHIT
	500,000 2,000,000 1,200,000	2,500 10,000 6,000	all	200 200 200	idem D. Izabel Fabrit Paulistana Industrial Miucira	2	00 200,000 00 82,356	40 000- Jan. 99 12 000- July 98 10 000- July 99	- 165 000	of UNSWEETED the World ren
	800,000 1,500,000	4,000 7,500 20,000	all all all	200 200 200		2	00 16,237 00 125,343 00 7,824 00 639,889	10 000 July 99 10 000 ditto 99 5 000 Mar. 96 July 99	180 000 — 185 000 — 170 000 70 000 — 90 000 180 000 — 182 000	C. F.
	4,000,000 6,000,000 1,200,000 450,000 360,000	30,000 6,000 4,500 1,800	all	200 200 100	Riuk (Woolens) S. Felix	1	17,039	4 000- May 99 - Aug. 99	35 000-	15 RUA
	2,400,000	12,000	all	200 200 200 200	S. Pedro de Alcantara.	3	36,318 200	Jan. 99 July 99 19 % Aug. 98	150 000 170 000	15 ROA
	3,500,000	17:500					sid Reserve fun		Last Quotation.	=
	Capital	Share							4\$500-	VICT
	3,000,000\$ 3,000,000 2,000,000	15,000 3,000 10,000	9,7	35 200 200 200 200	Argos Fluminense Bonança	::: 3	20\$ 43,678 250 300,000 30 15,584 20 200,000		3208000 9 000 30 000	TIUI
	4,000,000 4,000,000 2,500,000	20,000 8,000 2,500 10,000	0 4,00	1,000	Fidelidade	:::[180 358,752 100 250,000 20 400,000	2 7 000, Jan, 98 8 000, ditlo 99 2 000, July 99	- 25 000 145 000- 150 000	
	2,000,000 1,000,000 2,500,000 2,000,000	10,00 12,50 10,00	o all	200			20 20,000 20 370,000 20 131,833	3 000, ditto 99	18 000— 50 000— 18 000 16 000— 19 000	NEWSAGEN*
	Capital	Share	es Emitt	ed Par	Mincellaneoua	P	uid Reserve fun	d Last Dividend	Last Quotation	
	7,000,000\$	35,00	o all	201	6 Cantareira e Viação Fluminense	_	200\$	4 coo, July 91		
	500,000 1,200,000 5,000,000	10,00 6,00 25,00	o all o 5,8 o all	21 20 20	Carros Tatersall Moreaux		50 42,37 200 53,600	6 000, Jan. 99 6 000, Jan. 99 ——— Mar. 93	— 200 000	
	23,500,000 60,000,000	300,00 235,00 300,00	o all	200 10	Malhoromentos no Brazil		200 6,506,14 200 2,286,74 200 51,25	8 000, Jan. 9: 15 150/0, Sept. 9	18 000- 19 000	Agents for L
	1,000,000	10,00 5,00 57,00	0 811	900 20 20 5 20	Totarian Nacionaes do Bravil		200 43.57 50 1.547.62	77 10 000, Feb. 9 29 13 000, July 9 13 000, July 9 17 7%, Mar. 9 2 700, Feb. 9	96 000— 103 00	good stock.
	3,000,000 1,000,000 9,312,800	15.00 10.00 93,12 10,00	8 1 33,1	128 10	Moinhos Fluminense (flour mills) Saneamento do R.de J. (building societ Transporte de Café e Mercadorias	y).	100 39,25 100 714,94 100 400,00	no 5000, July 9	13 000— 105 000—	
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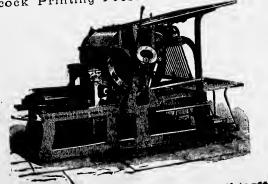
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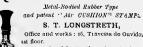
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